

THE CHELSEA HERALD, Established 1871
THE CHELSEA STANDARD, Established 1889

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1912.

VOLUME 42, NO. 11

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We have anticipated this question. If you will call at our bank, we are prepared to offer you proofs, showing that the

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All kinds of furniture built to order. Repairing, refinishing and upholstering of your old furniture a specialty. Shop in rear of Shaver & Faber's barber shop.

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to see about putting in that New Furnace, or to have that old one repaired. Do not wait until cold weather is here and then want it in a minute. We have the best

Hot Air, Steam and Hot Water Furnaces

that are made, and when we install a Furnace for you it is sure to give the best of satisfaction. We guarantee all of our work.

Now is the Time Don't Delay.

Call and see us and get our prices.

Bean Pullers and Potato Diggers

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

The Firemen Give a Smoker.

The firemen gave a smoker at their hall last evening, which was attended by a large number of our citizens. Cigars, apples, fried cakes and cider were supplied in abundance, and everyone had a good time. Messrs. Louis Burg and Thos. Hughes rendered several selections, and Messrs. Earl Updike and Cleon Wolf looked after the instrumental music. After the social part of the affair had been indulged in for some time, Geo. W. Beckwith was called on to preside, and it was announced that the object of the gathering was to bring before the people the necessity for something to be done for the better care of the fire fighting apparatus. Some advocated the erection of a building on the village property on Park street in which could be located the various village offices and the fire department, and a resolution was adopted asking the common council to take some steps along this line. Messrs. Edward Vogel, Geo. A. BeGole, R. D. Walker, F. H. Belser and H. D. Witherell were appointed a committee to present this matter to the council.

There is no doubt that something should be done for the better care of the apparatus, because as long as things are as they are now the proper care cannot be given the apparatus, and the depreciation is too great.

The Police Court.

Two men were arraigned in the court of Justice Witherell on the charge of being drunk and disorderly. Marshal Cooper Sunday forenoon took William Downer off the street in a very drunken condition. Monday he given a fine of \$5.00 and costs, or fifteen days in the county jail. The fine and costs were paid.

Monday evening Marshal Cooper was called to the Michigan Central passenger station where he found William Dawe, of Detroit, in a drunken sleep on the floor. The man was taken to the village lock-up. Tuesday morning he was taken before the court where he was given a fine of \$5.00 and costs, or fifteen days in the county jail. He was taken to the jail to serve his time.

Ask For War On Beaver.

Upper peninsula lumber men have asked the aid of the state game warden in waging war on the beaver. The lumberman complain that hundreds of beaver have built dams across the streams flooding the timberlands. The beavers, one lumbermen complained, will build over a night, a dam which it takes his men several hours to tear down. Night after night and morning after morning the building and destruction of the dam have been repeated and the battle is still undecided. It is unlawful to kill the beaver and the state department is unable to aid the lumbermen. It is probable the matter will be taken up in the legislature with a view of having the game law so amended as to permit the killing of beaver.

Lafayette Grange.

Lafayette Grange will meet at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Fred Sager, on Friday evening, October 25. The following program will be given: Opening Song..... Responded to by naming the best farm tool or household utensil I use and the reason why. Recitation..... Mildred Gage Select Reading..... Mrs. Steiny Health Hints..... Geo. Gage Select Reading..... Mrs. Cole Recitation..... Ethel Whipple Instrumental Music..... Vera Gage Question Box..... In charge of A. B. Shutes Closing Song.....

Mrs. Nannie Palmer.

Mrs. James Palmer, was born July 20, 1858, and died at her home in Waterloo township, Sunday, October 12, 1912, aged 54 years, 2 months and 23 days.

Mr. and Mrs. Palmer were united in marriage 35 years ago and have been well known and respected residents of Waterloo for many years.

She is survived by her husband, two sons and one daughter. The funeral was held from the home at 1 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, October 16, interment at Mt. Hope cemetery Waterloo village.

Special Services.

Rally Day services will be observed at the M. E. church at 10 o'clock next Sunday morning. Dr. Ramsdell will preach which will be followed by a good program given by the Sunday school.

In the evening at 7 o'clock the Huff Sisters will conduct a gospel temperance meeting. There will be good singing and addresses. This will be a union service.

OCTOBER SESSION.

Board of Supervisors Transacting Annual Business at Ann Arbor.

The board of supervisors began its annual fall session at the court house Monday morning. The meeting was called to order by County Clerk Charles L. Miller and at once proceeded to organize.

Supervisor John L. Hunter of Ypsilanti was appointed temporary chairman and appointed a special committee, consisting of Supervisors J. W. Dresselhouse, Sharon; John Lutz, Saline, and George Beckwith, Sylvan, to determine the order of business. The following order of business was adopted when the board reconvened Monday afternoon.

Monday, October 14, report of special committee, 2 p. m.

Tuesday, October 15, report of county clerk, 11 a. m.; report of register of deeds, 2 p. m.

Wednesday, October 16, report of county treasurer, 11 a. m.; report of sheriff, 2 p. m.

Thursday, October 17, visit county infirmary.

Friday, October 18, report of soldiers' relief committee, 11 a. m.; election of school examiner, 2 p. m.

Monday, October 21, report of drain commissioner, 11 a. m.; report of superintendants of poor, 2 p. m.

Tuesday, October 22, election of two superintendants of the poor, 11 a. m.; election of janitor, 2 p. m.

Wednesday, October 23, election of county canvassers, 11 a. m.; receive bids for printing, 2 p. m.

Thursday, October 24, receive bids for jail physician, 11 a. m.; report of county auditors, 2 p. m.

Friday, October 25th, miscellaneous business.

All members of the board were present at the meeting Monday. Before the afternoon session the Democrats caucused and selected a candidate for chairman.

The members of the board are: Edward D. Hiscock, First ward; Christian Schlenker, Second ward; Frank Pardon, Third ward, Herman Krapf, Fourth ward; August Dorrow, Fifth ward; A. F. Martin, Sixth ward; Jas. Fennell, Seventh ward; Ann Arbor city; Walter S. Bilbie, Ann Arbor town; Willis M. Derbyshire, Augustus; W. A. Hutzel, Pittsfield; John H. Smith, Salem; John Lutz, Saline; Jacob Jedele, Scio; John W. Dresselhouse, Sharon; George Gill, Superior; George W. Beckwith, Sylvan; Bert Kenny, Webster; George T. Richards, York; Edgar D. Holmes, Ypsilanti twp.; John L. Hunter, Ypsilanti; Elmer B. McCollough, Ypsilanti.

The board on Tuesday organized by electing Supervisor Frank Koebbe, of Freedom, chairman for the coming year. Supervisor John W. Dresselhouse, of Sharon, was chosen chairman pro tem. Mr. Koebbe was the unanimous choice of the board as the candidate of the majority party. In the caucus of the democrats Geo. W. Beckwith, of Sylvan, was mentioned as a possible candidate, but withdrew in favor of Mr. Koebbe, who received the endorsement of the caucus.

The following standing committees were appointed: Equalization—Bilbie, Every, Hunter, Krapf, Grosshans.

To examine reports of the county officers—treasurer, Halst, Holmes, Beckwith; county clerk, Renau, Dresselhouse, Ryan; register of deeds, Hutzel, Jedele, Gill; sheriff, Madden, Kenny, Fennell.

Apportionment state and county taxes—McCullough, Holmes, Young.

Public buildings—Beckwith, Krapf, Bilbie.

Rejected taxes—Richards, Grosshans, Derbyshire.

Examine accounts of superintendants of poor—Lutz, Smith, Ryan.

Finance—Fennell, Hunter, Schlenker.

Fractional school districts—Gill, Madden, Dorrow.

Drains—Jedele, Pardon, Renau.

Printing—McCullough, Hiscock, Gill.

Salaries of county officers—Every, Hutzel, Lutz, Dresselhouse.

Per diem—Martin Smith, Schlenker.

At the earnest solicitation of Judge Leland at the afternoon session of the board a committee was appointed to investigate the advisability of providing a better and safer detention room for juvenile prisoners. Chairman Koebbe appointed Madden, Bilbie and Richards as the committee. In bringing the matter before the board Judge Leland called attention to the fact that two prisoners had escaped from the present room on the third floor of the court house within the past year

and that in case of fire it would be almost impossible to rescue anyone confined there. He suggested using the prosecutor's office on the second floor or the drain commissioner's office in the basement as a detention room. The state law prohibits housing of juveniles in or near the jail.

The board received and referred to appropriate committees the reports of the county clerk and register of deeds. The county clerk reported having turned over fees amounting to \$2,243, and the register of deeds reported doing the same with fees amounting to \$4,241.

At the morning session resolutions commemorative of the services of the late Supervisor Eugene Osterlin, of Ann Arbor city, were adopted.

School Notes.

Test examinations are being held in the high school this week.

The pupils of the lower grades cleared the building, in a fire drill, in two minutes. The pupils of the third and fourth grades coming down the fire escape.

The high school foot ball team will play a game with the boys from Plymouth Friday afternoon of this week at Wilkinson field. The game will be called at 3 o'clock.

The high school was examined Monday by Prof. Jackson of the university. He reported to Supt. Henry that the school was in excellent condition and that it would be continued upon the list of accredited high schools. He said that he had a strong corps of teachers, but recommended that the reference library be strengthened.

In order to familiarize the high school students with the methods of conducting political conventions and elections, Supt. Henry is giving a series of talks to the room. On November 5th the pupils will conduct a mock election. They will be required to register. The committees will be chosen from among the older pupils. Ballots similar in form to the official ballot will be printed and each pupil will be asked to cast a ballot.

Course of Study.

County School Commissioner Evan Essery has received the following statement from Superintendent L. L. Wright:

"The legislature of 1911 passed a law giving to the Superintendent of Public Instruction power and imposing on him the duty of prescribing a course of study for all school districts in the state, except city districts. So far, we have prescribed a course of study only for the primary districts, the one room country school. You will have noticed that no work is prescribed in our new course of study for pupils beyond the 8th grade in these schools. I have hesitated about making a ruling that these rural schools should not teach the ninth grade. It is my judgment, however, that such a ruling ought to be made and the same is hereby made. It is my thought that there may be special cases in which on account of the small number of pupils and few grades that it might seem advisable to commissioners to allow these schools to have recitations in the ninth grade. This must, however, be the rare exception. It would please me, therefore, if you would give out as the ruling of this department and of your office that the ninth grade is not to be taught in country schools. If there are cases in which you desire to have the ninth grade taught will you please take each case up in detail with this office and present the reasons for your wish to make an exception to the general rule."

Farm Help Bureau.

The Michigan State Grange has established a bureau of farm help which is doing good work for the farmers. The co-operation of the United States commissioner of labor was secured, and the State Grange employs a person to make this a definite work. The employer seeking helpers pays their railroad fare in advance, together with a small registration fee for defraying the expenses of the project. The farm help question in Michigan has grown to be a serious one, as it has almost everywhere.

Solved the Problem.

The auto has helped to solve the problem for an Iowa community of feeding the threshing crew. Instead of each housewife cooking up a great quantity of food for a lot of hungry men, they are loaded into automobiles and whisked into town where, by previous engagement, dinners and suppers are waiting for them. After dinner a few minutes' run brings them back to their work again, rested refreshed for another half-day's work.—Ex.

SPECIALS

For Friday, Saturday and Monday

- 4 10c cans Polly Prim.....25c
- 9 Bars Acme Soap.....25c
- 7 Bars Pearle or Export Borax Soap.....25c

Teas and Coffees

There is satisfaction in every cup of our 50c uncolored Japan Tea; and Red Band Coffee.

We Are Selling

HEINZ PURE VINEGARS

- 3 pounds best Head Rice.....25c
- 1 pound Good Coffee.....25c
- Heinz Ketchup.....15c and 25c
- Jackson Gem Flour, per sack.....70c
- Occident Flour, per sack.....85c
- 3 cakes Jap Rose Soap.....25c
- Salted Peanuts, pound.....10c
- New Brazils, 2 pounds.....25c
- 3 packages Jellycon.....22c

L. T. FREEMAN CO.

(WHERE QUALITY COUNTS)



We Are Selling Them THEY PLEASE

It is cheaper to keep in repair than to wait till the building falls down

Chick Feed, Hen Feed, Horse Feed and Cow Feed. We have them

We want your Huckleberries. Phone us for prices on Poultry

Chelsea Elevator Company.



BOILED HAM

You will find our Boiled Ham delicious, like everything else that comes from our shop, such as Mince Ham, Bologna, Veal Loaf, etc. Order one of our Spring Chickens for your Sunday dinner. Try our steam kettle rendered Lard. We carry everything in the meat line.

Fred Klingler

A-B New Idea Gas Ranges

They Insure Convenience and Cleanliness in the Kitchen

And nine-tenths of the drudgery of housework is a thing of the past.

A Big Line

Including eight different models now ready for your inspection



BELSER'S ONE PRICE STORE

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Adds Healthful Qualities to the Food

Prof. Prescott, of the University of Michigan, testified before the Pure Food Committee of Congress, that the acid of grapes held highest rank as an article of food and he regarded the results from baking with cream of tartar baking powder as favorable to health.

Royal is the only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar.

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Dentist.
Office, Kempf Bank Block, Chelsea, Michigan.
Phone, Office, 52, 2; Residence, 52, 2r.

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Dentist.
Office over L. T. Freeman Co.'s drug store.
Phone 165-52.

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Osteopathic Physician.
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Homeopathic Physician.
Forty-seven years experience. Special attention given to chronic diseases; treatment of children, and fitting of glasses. Residence and office northeast corner of Middle and East streets. Phone 61-37.

S. G. BUSH

Physician and Surgeon.
Office in the Freeman-Cummings block, Chelsea, Michigan.

DR. J. T. WOODS,

Physician and Surgeon.
Office in the Staffan-Merkel block, Residence on Osgood street, Chelsea, Michigan. Telephone 114.

H. E. DEFENDORF,

Veterinarian.
Office, second floor Hatch & Durand block, Phone No. 61. Night or day.

L. A. MAZE,

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Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College. Office at Chas. Martin's Livery Barn. Phone day or night, No. 20.

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Attorney at Law.
Office, Freeman block, Chelsea, Michigan.

JAMES S. GORMAN,

Attorney at Law.
Office, Middle street east, Chelsea, Michigan.

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General law practice in all courts. Notary Public in the office. Office in Hatch-Durand block, Chelsea, Michigan. Phone 63.

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Harness and Horse Goods.
Repairing of all kinds a specialty. Also dealer in Musical Instruments of all kinds and Sheet Music. Steinbach Block, Chelsea.

H. W. DANIELS,

General Auctioneer.
Satisfaction Guaranteed. For information on the Standard office, or address Gregory, Michigan, S. L. D. Phone connections. Auction bills and tin cups furnished free.

Use the TRAVELERS RAILWAYGUIDE
PRICE 25 CENTS
431 S. DEARBORN ST., CHICAGO

DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.
For Detroit 7:45 a. m. and every two hours to 7:00 p. m.
For Kalamazoo 8:30 a. m. and every two hours to 6:30 p. m. For Lansing 8:30 p. m.

LOCAL CARS.
Start Detroit 6:00 a. m. and every two hours to 1:00 p. m. To Ypsilanti only, 11:00 a. m.
Start Ypsilanti 6:00 a. m. and every two hours to 11:00 p. m.
Cars connect at Ypsilanti for Saline and at Warren for Farmington and Northville.

Beans Are Cost Reducers.

The State Dairy and Food Commission has issued a bulletin stating how the cost of living may be reduced. Eating of beans is advised. Cereals sold in packages are said to be expensive and much more so than potatoes. The bulletin recommends the eating of plenty of fruit—lemons for persons afflicted with liver complaints, and apples for persons who have intestinal troubles. Fruit is excellent diet for fat men and women, says the state department.

Industrial Insurance.

It was announced at the state insurance department Monday that the preparations for instituting the mutual industrial accident insurance system for the benefit of employers in this state are about completed and it is expected the department will be in readiness to commence issuing the insurance in about ten days. Rates and classifications are being prepared and the other preliminary work is well along. A mass of letters of inquiry relative to the scheme have come to the department within the past ten days.

Civil Service Examinations.

Under the rules of the United States civil service commission a competitive examination will be held in Ann Arbor, February 1, 1913, for the first grade or clerical positions in the various field branches of the federal service outside of Washington.

Application forms and information in regard to these examinations may be obtained from the secretary of the board of examiners at the post-office. Other civil service examinations will be held on the following dates: October 19, specialist in rural education, (male); October 23, laboratory assistant in ceramics, (male); dental interne, (male); dentist, (male); Indian service; medical interne, government hospital for the insane; laboratory assistant in engineering, (male); assistant in tobacco investigations, (male); engineer and plumber, (male); October 26, collector and compiler of statistics, (male); photolithographic printer, (male); lithographic transferer, (male); general mechanic (male) negative cutter, (male); miller, (male); lithographic pressman, (male); November 6, statistical clerk, (male and female); November 6, statistical field agent, (male).

QUEER THINGS ABOUT PAIN
Patient May Feel It in Limb That Has Been Amputated, or in Wrong Place.

Pain sometimes behaves in a curious fashion. There was a soldier in London, after the Boer war, who complained of excruciating neuralgic pains in his right foot. This very much amused his friends, for he had lost his right leg.

The explanation was that the pain happened to be in the trunks of those nerves, which had sent branches to the foot. Sometimes a patient comes to a doctor complaining of pain in the knee, and he is greatly surprised when the doctor tells him that the site of the affection is not the knee, but the hip. We are all familiar with the pain under the shoulder blade which comes from an afflicted liver.

The stomach, too, can produce pain in many parts of the body. A disordered stomach will give us pain as far away as the head, and, when one gets a cramp in his toe, it is often due to acidity of the stomach. Swallow a pinch of soda and the cramp will disappear.

An aching tooth will produce neuralgic pains in the face, and very often a violent pain at the back of the head is due to the faraway kidneys, which themselves may suffer no pain at the time.

Power of Vegetable Growth.

A tar macadam pavement stretching from the school of gunnery at Shoeburness (Eng.) to the sea is at present in a state of violent if silent eruption. About a fortnight ago the surface became covered with what may be called "blisters," raised a little above the common level, which attracted much wondering attention.

From each of these, in a few days, a series of cracks appeared, extending themselves in rays from a center. Finally came up a broad, soft shoot, looking extremely well pleased with itself and its work, which proved to be so old and well known a friend as the thistle. At this moment there are hundreds of those bold intruders showing defiantly through the pavement, affording a most interesting illustration of the power of vegetable growth.

Puts End to Bad Habit.

Things never look bright to one with "the blues." Ten to one the trouble is a sluggish liver, filling the system with bilious poison, that Dr. King's New Life Pills would expel. Try them. Let the joy of better feelings end "the blues." Best for stomach, liver and kidneys. 25c. L. P. Vogel, H. H. Penn Co., L. T. Freeman Co. Adv.

GRASS LAKE—Rev. A. A. Wood has tendered his resignation as pastor of the Congregational church here to take effect on, or before, January 1, 1913.—News.

HAPPY WOMEN

Plenty of Them in Chelsea and Good Reason For It.

Wouldn't any woman be happy, After years of backache suffering, Days of misery nights of unrest, The distress of urinary troubles, When she finds freedom.

Many readers will profit by the following:
Mrs. Cordelia Maroney, Railroad St., Chelsea, Mich., says: "I was greatly benefited by Doan's Kidney Pills. I suffered from backache and pains through my kidneys and my bladder was also affected. The contents of two boxes of Doan's Kidney Pills helped me wonderfully, removing my aches and pains and correcting the kidney difficulty. I can praise this remedy highly."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other. Advertisement.

Enlarge Pontiac Plant.

The Flanders Manufacturing Company, of Pontiac and Chelsea, has taken a lease of the building formerly occupied by the Pontiac Garment Company and has fitted it up for a trimming shop. The trimming of the Flanders Colonial electrics, which has formerly been done in Detroit, will now be done at Pontiac. Forty employees have been moved from Detroit to Pontiac.



FOLEY'S KIDNEY PILLS For Backache, Rheumatism, Kidneys and Bladder. Contain no Habit Forming Drugs.

For Sale By All Druggists

WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

WANTED—A housekeeper, by a family with two children. Middle aged person preferred. Address box 525, Chelsea. 11

WANTED—Until further notice, cider apples. Phone 187 or 17. W. S. McLaren. 11

LOST—A gold watch. Liberal reward if returned to this office. 11

FOR SALE—100 shocks of corn. Inquire of Fred Hutzel, phone 158 11-3s, Chelsea. 12

CIDER made every Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. Barrels for sale. Jerusalem Mills. Phone 144-2s. 41f

FOR SALE—Ten room house, one block from Ferris Institute, Big Rapids, Mich.; electric lights; bath; furnace; convenient for rooms and boarding. Write E. J. Darling, 112 south Mich. ave., Big Rapids, Mich. 11

FOR SALE—My entire blooded stock of S. C. Black Minorcas also S. C. Rhode Island Reds. J. G. Stiegelmaier, East St. 11

FOR SALE—A 6-year-old driving horse perfectly safe around autos, weight 1000; also harness and top buggy nearly new. Inquire John Monks. Phone 152-21. 11

FOR SALE—A good milk route at a bargain. Inquire of Ives Bros., Chelsea. 12

FOR SALE—15 Shropshire rams. E. W. Daniels. 12

FOR SALE—One good steel range with six griddles, one three burner oil stove and a two burner gasoline stove. Inquire at the residence of Jas. S. Gorman. 91f

I HEREBY forbid all trapping and digging out of skunks on my premises. J. L. Klein, Sharon. 11

PARSONS & HULL of Saline will be in Chelsea from Monday on to buy apples. They will be located in the west end of the Palmer wage house. 91f

WANTED—Winter apples, highest market price paid for good packing stock. H. G. Spiegelberg, Chelsea, Mich. 81f

CIDER MADE every Tuesday and Friday during September, and every week day during October and November except Saturdays. Barrels and kegs for sale. Get our prices on cider. B. H. Glenn Chelsea. 51f

FOR SALE—Robert Foster farm, 70 acres, one mile north-west of Chelsea; Howard Everett farm, 275 acres six miles south-west of Chelsea; John McKune farm, 308 acres, six miles north of Chelsea; Charles Staphis farm, 92 acres, three miles north of Chelsea; new house, Lincoln street, just completed; two modern houses, Chandler street; double houses, Summit street; six room house, North Main street; good residence, North street, good residence, Buchanan street; modern house, VanBuren street. H. D. Witherell. 31f

Oakland

"THE CAR WITH A CONSCIENCE"

The Oakland Platform FOR 1913

Electric Lighting—Self Starting—Unit Power Plant—Simplicity—Beauty—Individuality

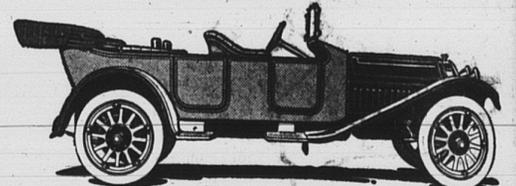
This is a history-making year. Men are talking of past records, achievements, policies and platforms. Automobile companies, like men are making records; leaving their imprint; creating new standards. The Oakland is making automobile history and our platform and message for 1913 are so vital and important that every one interested in automobiles should be acquainted with them.

Our platform is sound, mechanically and artistically. Our platform is modern—progressive—for we have incorporated electric lighting and self-starting. The last of the motoring worries are over. In the 1913 Oakland they have been banished. You are trouble free—no more inconveniences—not even little ones.

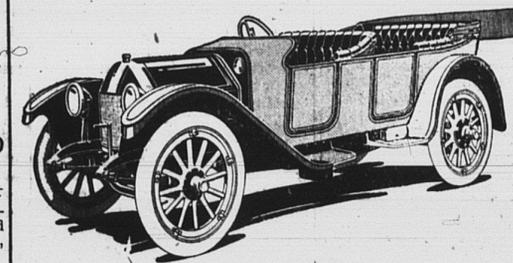
This Is Important

1912 was a great Oakland year. 1913 promises greater things. The Oakland car for 1913 warrants making this statement. We are going to build bigger cars, make improvements in refinements, in luxury, in riding qualities and for the comfort of the passengers, but in the matter of principle of construction we stand "pat." The most important announcement we can make is the launching of an Oakland six cylinder chassis and the building of a popular priced car which will be known as Model 35. These will be built in touring and runabout styles.

We are convinced that the universal satisfaction given by 1912 Oakland models that the simple plan of construction adopted by us last year is true, both mechanically and efficiency. No single car during the past year received the unstinted praise which was given the Oakland. No car displayed such wonderful progress, especially in the matter of body design, each model representing individuality and beauty found in but few cars.



6 Cylinder, 60 H. P. Touring Car. \$2,400



4 Cylinder, 42 H. P. Touring Car. \$1,600

Oakland Models

are offered with a full understanding of many superior points and advantages incorporated. 1913 Oakland models have many meritorious innovations. Every model will be absolutely noiseless. The elimination of a number of small metal parts and the substitution of aluminum steps for running boards makes this possible.

OAKLAND MOTORS

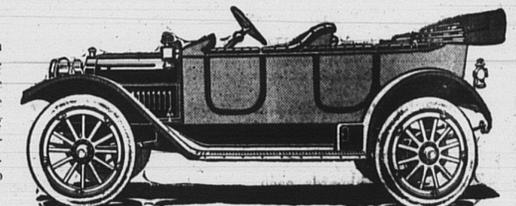
are known for their quietness. Perfect lubrication, superior bearings and correctly cut gears have brought fame to our power plants.

OAKLAND BODIES

if anything, will be a little more distinctive than in the past—each model expressing individuality and harmony of lines.

Quietness in an Automobile

Quietness in an automobile is much to be desired, for it not only adds to the pleasures of motoring but lengthens the life of the car. A noisy car is a nuisance and should not be tolerated. The building of a quiet car, one that will stay quiet, requires special attention to gear material. If the gears are noiseless, you are bound to have a quiet car. Gears do all the work.



4 Cylinder, 40 H. P. Touring Car. \$1,450

OAKLAND MOTORS are especially noted for their quietness. This has been commented on by every one who has made the comparison. So still are they that many stories have been told of owners who, on preparing to start the motor found it running.

About Specifications

"Specifications" are misleading in automobile advertising. It is just about as fair to compare two cars having the same motor dimensions, wheel base and other identical details as it is to compare two men wearing the same size hats—you cannot judge their efficiency by similarity of looks or size. Two motors can be alike in bore and stroke—and still differ materially in the power and efficiency.

The question naturally arises, "What makes the difference?" and the answer is "The method of manufacturing and the materials used." As an example, the quality of the motor depends on the way the pistons are ground, the style of bearings used, type of gears, carburetion and the method of lubrication. What is true of the motor is true of every other component part. The Oakland does not rely upon its specifications.

Model 6-60—the new Oakland Six-Cylinder Classis has a wheel-base of 130 inches, double drop frame, unit power plant, cone clutch, sliding gear transmission, full floating rear axle, demountable rims, German silver radiator and a self-starter. There will be mounted on this chassis four, five and seven-passenger bodies, and a raceabout for two. Price of all models, \$2400.

Model 42 chassis, 116-inch wheel base, double drop frame, unit power plant, cone clutch, sliding gear transmission, full floating rear axle, demountable rims, German silver radiator "V" shaped, 10-inch upholstery, full nickel trimmings, and equipped with electric lighting and ignition system, and a self-starter. There will be mounted on passenger single seat. Price of all models \$1600. There will also be built a smart four-passenger coupe on this chassis to list at \$2500.

Model 40 chassis, five-passenger touring car; 114-inch wheel base single drop frame, unit power plant, selective sliding gear transmission, cone clutch, demountable rims, full nickel trimmings, and equipped with a self-starter, at \$1450.

Model 35 chassis, five-passenger touring car, wheel base 112 inches, motor 3x5, unit power plant, "V" shaped, vertical tub radiator, 32x31 tires, demountable rims, gasoline capacity 15 gallons, Remy ignition, electric lights passenger Sociable roadster, \$1000. We are also building on this chassis a three-

And now comes the squarest sentence ever printed in an automobile advertisement: Make all the comparisons you want, and if you do not think the Oakland the most beautiful car in the world, and the equal, mechanically, of any car made, you need not buy it.

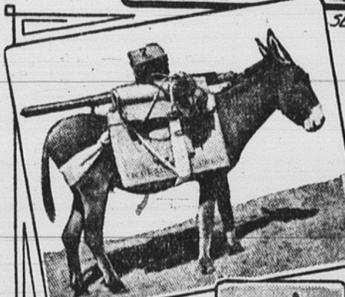
Demonstrations Cheerfully Given Catalogue on Request
McLAREN & FREEMAN
Factory Agents (Washtenaw, Jackson and Livingston Counties) Chelsea, Mich.

The SERI INDIANS of TIBURON ISLAND

THE Seri are a distinctive tribe in habits, customs and language from all other North American Indians, and though they have been known for a considerable time both to Mexicans and Americans, they have remained unconquered and uncivilized up to the present time. Tiburon Island, which is their real home, lies close to the coast of Sonora, Mexico, in the Gulf of California, and is separated from the mainland by a narrow strip of sea called El Infiernillo, so named because of the turbulent water and dangerous rapids that flow between. It is some thirty miles long from north to south and approximately twenty miles across at the widest part. Due east across the straits in Sonora is a limited strip of land, in which are situated the Seri mountains, and here also are found a few scattered families belonging to the same tribe. The whole of their country is rugged and desolate in the extreme, consisting chiefly of desert sand and naked mountain rock, with permanent fresh water in one or two places only. Separated from the rest of Sonora by an almost impassable desert, and containing nothing to excite the interest or cupidty of the prospector or Mexican, it has remained unexplored and unvisited until quite recent times.



SERI WOMEN IN PELICAN SKIN ROBES



ONE OF THE PACK ANIMALS



WOMEN WITH PEACE OFFERINGS AND TRUCE FLAG

Through in the surrounding country there are many traces of an ancient civilization, in Seriland itself there are no remains nor any evidence to show that any other race, markedly distinct either in habits or customs from its present inhabitants, had ever made their home there. Hence it may be assumed that the Seri did not migrate to this part of the world, but are indigenous to the land. The Seri Indians are physically a fine race, rather above the medium height, though somewhat slightly made. They are very dark, with long, coarse hair, but when young are by no means ugly. They have low, quiet voices, and their language is much more melodious than that of the Yuma or Papago Indians. Their clothing is somewhat unusual, for they wear a kind of robe of pelican skins over a short kilt or skirt. These pelican rugs are beautifully made of between four and eight skins sewn together with sinews or deer skin, and are used as bedding at night. Their belts are of woven human hair or vegetable fiber, though snake and lizard skins are also used for the same purpose. The arms, bust, legs and feet are usually bare. When it is remembered that these people own no domestic animals of any kind, except dogs that are really coyotes, and do not cultivate or till the land at all, it will be seen that they have to depend entirely on hunting to supply them with dress and food. Pelicans are found literally by the thousand, especially round the little Isla Tasana, and provide the Indians with amply sufficient material to make all the clothing and blankets they are likely to need in that hot and almost rainless climate. As regards food, they subsist chiefly on turtles, fish, molluscs and water-fowl, which are eaten raw and during the proper seasons they feed on the fruits of the various cacti and mesquite beans which grow fairly plentifully in the Seri mountains. Scattered over the greater portion of the island are charred oyster shells, which show that they are very partial to this form of food, and that they use fire to open shell-fish of all kinds, as they do not possess any knives. They catch the turtles by harpooning them with a very primitive kind of spear; the latter is made in two parts connected by a fiber rope, to the front one of which a rough point of hardened wood, stone, or, if possible, iron, is attached. As soon as they see a turtle they approach noiselessly from behind and thrust the spear through the shell. The front portion of the spear remains in the animal, but it is soon towed to the shore and there broken open, when it is roasted or eaten raw. Fish, which abound in these waters, are caught by means of a fiber line and primitive hook, the latter being very often made from a thorn or piece of bone, though sometimes the larger kinds are killed with a bow and arrow, a weapon of much use among the Seri. Their huts are of the most primitive description, being made merely of dried brushwood and roofed with turtle shells and sponges. They afford some slight shelter from the sun, which is their main purpose, for the heat is always intense the year round, and I suppose that there are few hotter places on earth.

The foregoing facts are sufficient to mark the Seri as very distinct from other North American Indians; but there are many other curious and peculiar customs which they do not share with any other tribes. Their religion is exceedingly interesting, though somewhat obscure, and the character of their gods is a convincing proof of their long residence in that locality. Their chief deity, for instance, is the "Ancient of Pelicans," a mythical bird of marvelous wisdom and melodious song, and their lesser gods are supernatural beings in similar familiar forms. Every year, before starting out on their annual expeditions to gather fruit of the cacti, they hold their important religious festival, at which they make many ceremonial offerings in order that the spirits may be plentiful. Their dead are buried in their most elaborate garments, with their hands beside them under a mound of stones. Some graves are to be seen all over the Seri country, and bear eloquent, if silent, testimony to the valiant defense they have made against the enemies; for of the several thousand Seri Indians that were known to exist some thirty years ago, there are but three hundred and seventy left now, of which not more than seven are adults males.

The country is no less unusual than its inhabitants, for it contains many remarkable trees and plants. It would be natural to suppose that

beautiful, and the fresh verdure soon fades to the neutral tints of its accustomed hopeless aridity. A few words must be said about the fauna Tiburon Island is so named because of the immense number of sharks that swarm the sea surrounding it. Pearl oysters are found near the Punta Teopapa, but the warlike character of the Seri has prevented any fishery from being established there. There are many porpoises and immense numbers of green turtles, while sea-birds of all kinds abound.

As regards mammals, there are said to be some sheep in the Seri mountains; but I very much doubt if they descend so far south, but there are one or two scattered bands of antelope and a few deer. To counterbalance this lack of big game, there are thousands of black-backed rattlesnakes, sidewinders, Gila monsters (Holoferma horridum), horned toads and ants. But in traveling through the country there is little life to be seen except an occasional turkey buzzard or a coyote slinking through the cactus. The whole country is desolate and forbidding. Here and there are clusters of ruined huts, sadly reminding us that the Seri were once numerous but are now fast dying out. Day by day the sun passes in blinding splendor over the plains and over these deserted homes, and evening by evening the after-glow lays its long fingers of rose and amethyst over the landscape, transforming the scene for

a moment into evanescent beauty (ill night wraps it softly in a pall of velvet oblivion.

HE SAVED THREE STATES.
Result of a Stormy Meeting in Oregon Territory in 1843.

A few words of hurried conversation between two French settlers had an important part in deciding the question whether the far northwestern territory, from which the states of Washington, Oregon and Idaho were formed, should belong to Great Britain or the United States. A monument at Champeog, on the Willamette river, now marks the spot where this interesting episode took place. Theodore T. Geer, formerly governor of Oregon, tells about it in his book, "Fifty Years in Oregon," and quotes from the story of F. X. Matthieu, who saved the day for the United States, says the Youth's Companion.

On a cloudy May day in 1843 102 settlers and Hudson Bay trappers, coming from near and far, crowded into a log building at Champeog, and held a stormy meeting. The Americans stood for an organized government and acquisition of the territory by the United States. The Hudson Bay men stood as firmly opposed, and when a vote was taken it was hard to tell which had won, since a good many on both sides were crowded about the doors, unable to push their way inside.

A division was called for, and to make this possible the men rushed out to the little half-acre field in front of the building. There everybody began gesticulating frantically and discussing the situation with great excitement. "All in favor of the organization follow me!" shouted Joe Meek, the famous pioneer and hunter, striding to one side.

The Americans followed to a man. A count disclosed the fact that there were 50 men with Meek and 50 opposed, with two men, both Frenchmen, between the opposing forces, not taking sides and engaged in a very earnest conversation. One of these, Etienne Lucier, had been led to believe that heavy taxes would be levied on all property if the Americans organized a government. The tax on a single pane of glass, he had heard, would be 25 cents. The other, F. X. Matthieu (who is still living in Oregon), was in favor of organization.

"Anyway," he said to his countryman, "you know you have no window glass in your house yet, and won't have for a long time." (Most of the settlers used skins in place of glass.) "What difference will it make? And it isn't so, anyway."

The suspense lasted but a few moments. Then the two men turned and took their places with the Americans. While hats were flying in the air and hand-shaking was going on the defeated Hudson Bay men mounted their horses and rode away, leaving the other party to organize a government and later to establish in that wide territory three great states of the American Union.

SCENT AS AN INSOMNIA CURE.
Pine Needles and Rose Leaves, in Pillow Excellent Soporifics.

Scent has other attractions than a mere appeal to the nose, London Answers states. Anybody, for instance, who suffers from insomnia may find relief in perfumes. Collect a number of fresh pine needles and fill a bag with them; carefully rip open your pillow and place the bag amidst the feathers in the pillow. The perfume of the pines is often an excellent soporific.

A bag of dried hops used in the same way is just as good. Dried rose leaves, mixed with dried clover heads, give out a delicious perfume and help a weary one to woo the god of sleep.

A teaspoonful of eau de cologne in a warm bath is most refreshing, while scent placed on the forehead of any one who suffers from headache generally gives relief.

RELATION OF THE DAIRY FARM TO PERMANENT AGRICULTURE.

When a man of practical knowledge coupled with the trained mind of an instructor says "that the educational value of a large dairy show cannot be estimated to men who are endeavoring to evolve the highest standards of efficiency upon their farms and in their dairy at the lowest cost of operation" there must indeed be great value to be had from an attendance at the National Dairy Show in Chicago this year.

Professor Kildoe of Iowa Agricultural College is the author of the above statement and believes that lessons to be learned by looking over a thousand of the best representatives of the leading dairy breeds and the information and inspiration gained from coming in contact with men who are foremost in the Dairy world, with the chance to inspect the most modern in dairy machinery, all leads to success men who might otherwise blunder along without getting anywhere. He says that the profits derived from dairy farming are determined by the following factors: Quantity of milk, quality of milk, cost of production, and the price obtained for your dairy products.

Thus, it must behoove any man who is striving for success to attend this great educational exhibit, as by comparison alone can we measure our knowledge, and the man who stays home and plugs along will not get by his efforts what his neighbor will extract from his, with more ease. The mere pleasure of sitting on a milk stool and getting just what milk you can, won't get you anywhere. You must have profitable cows and know what you are doing all the time.

Every hour spent at the National Dairy Show at Chicago, during the ten days of October 24th to November 2nd next, is adding to your ability to succeed. Adv.

Absorbed.
A college professor, noted for his concentration of thought, returned home from a scientific meeting one night, still pondering deeply upon the subject that had been discussed. As he entered his room he heard a noise that seemed to come from under the bed.

"Is there someone there?" he asked absently.

"No, professor," answered the intruder, "who knew his peculiarities."

"That's strange," muttered the professor. "I was almost sure I heard someone under the bed."

Protected Both Ways.
Two conservative ladies of old-fashioned notions were traveling in the west, and becoming interested in a young girl on the train, finally asked why she was making so long a journey alone. They were greatly shocked at her blithe explanation:

"Well, you see, my mother and step-father live at one end of the journey, and my father and stepmother live at the other. They send me to each other twice a year, so there isn't a bit of danger with four parents all on the lookout!"

BOY'S FACE A MASS OF SCABBY SORES
Awful to Look At, Resinol Cured in Less Than Two Weeks.

St. Louis, Mo.—"At about 11 years of age my face was covered with a mass of scabby sores, awful to look at, and my sleep was broken up by the intense itching, and then after scratching, the sores would pain me just something awful. My mother got salves and soaps to use, but all to no purpose. A friend of mine who was Physical Director at the Y. M. C. A. at that time, told me it was a bad case, and would spread all over the body if something were not done. He gave me some Resinol Soap and Resinol Ointment, and in less than two weeks I was cured, without leaving any marks or scars whatever." (Signed) Ernest Le Pique, Jr., 3021 Dickson.

His Point of View.
The mayor of a small town was trying a negro for abusing his wife. She claimed he got drunk and tried to beat her, and she hit him.

The mayor turned to their little girl, and asked:

"Girl, was your father under the influence of whisky when your mother hit him?"

"No, sah. He was under the kitchen table," she very quickly replied.—Mae's National Monthly.



Every Boy and Girl Wants a Watch!

Liggett & Myers
Duke's Mixture

We want every pipe and cigarette smoker in this country to know how good Duke's Mixture is.

We want you to know that every grain in that big one and a half ounce 5c sack is pure, clean tobacco—a delightful smoke.

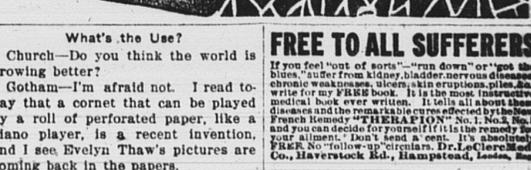
And you should know, too, that with each sack you now get a book of cigarette papers and

A Free Present Coupon

These coupons are good for hundreds of valuable presents, such as watches, toilet articles, silverware, furniture, and dozens of other articles suitable for every member of the family.

You will surely like Duke's Mixture, made by Liggett & Myers at Durham, N. C., and the presents cannot fail to please you and yours.

As a special offer, during October and November only we will send you our new illustrated catalog of presents FREE. Just send us your name and address on a postal.



Coupons from Duke's Mixture may be secured with tags from ROSE SHOE, J. T. TINSLEY'S NATURAL LEAF, CRANFORD TWIST, coupons from FOUR ROSES, (Cliff Double coupon), PICK PLUG CUT, PIED MONT CIGARETTES, CLIX CIGARETTES, and other tags or coupons issued by us.

Premium Dept.
Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.
ST. LOUIS, MO.

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS
If you feel "out of sorts"—"run down"—or "got the blues," suffer from kidney, bladder, nervous diseases, chronic weakness, sleep, skin eruptions, etc., write for my FREE book. It is the most instructive medical book ever written. It tells all about these diseases and the remarkable cures effected by the French Remedy "PERRIER'S FOUNTAIN." No. 1, New York, and you can decide for yourself if it is the remedy for your ailment. Don't send 2c. It's absolutely FREE. No "follow-up" circulars. Dr. J. C. Claiborne, Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

PATENTS Watson R. Coleman, Washington, D.C. Books, Free. High-class references. Also patents.

Pettit's GOOD FOR EYE SORE SALVE

227 Bushels of Corn to the Acre
This crop was raised in the season of 1911 by a boy in Mississippi. Can you do as well on your high priced land? Living is pleasant in the south. You can be outdoors all the time and can raise from 2 to 4 crops a year. Alfalfa, cotton, corn, oats, cowpeas, cabbage, sweet and Irish potatoes, tomatoes and fruits of all kinds grow equally well.

Go South, Young Man and Grow Rich
For beautifully illustrated booklets and full information write to J. C. CLAIR, Immigration Commissioner, Room D600, Central Station, I. C. R. R., Chicago

CANCER REMOVED
By a New, Quick, Sure Method
No X-Ray—No Pain—No Poison
WRITTEN GUARANTEE

I had a cancer growing on my nose, which got so severe it kept me out of the office for one year. All the doctors said it was incurable, but I did not believe that. I went to the Columbia Cancer Clinic and the Specialist made one application on Monday and another on Tuesday and in twenty minutes each, and the next Sunday I felt my nose and am well today. He has cured me and he cured me. Dr. J. C. Claiborne, Co., Haverstock Rd., Hampstead, London, Eng.

PAY WHEN CANCER IS OUT
WILL FORFEIT \$1,000 IF OUR TREATMENT DOES NOT EXCEL ANY OTHER IN THE WORLD. FORTY YEARS CURING CANCER—THOUSANDS CURED.
For Free Book Address: COLUMBIA CANCER CLINIC, 123 So. Bay Avenue, Fort Wayne, Indiana. KINDLY SEND TO SOMEONE WITH CANCER.

Serious Costly Sickness
is far too sure to come when your bodily strength has been undermined by the poison of bile. Headaches, sour stomach, unpleasant breath, nervousness, and a wish to do nothing are all signs of biliousness—signs, too, that your system needs help. Just the right help is given and the bodily condition which invites serious sickness

Is Prevented By
timely use of Beecham's Pills. This famous vegetable, and always efficient family remedy will clear your system, regulate your bowels, stimulate your liver, tone your nerves. Your digestion will be so improved, your food will nourish you and you will be strong to do and to resist. You will feel greater vigor and vitality, as well as buoyant spirits—after you know and use

Beecham's Pills
The directions with every box are valuable—especially to women.
Sold everywhere. In boxes 10c., 25c.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES
Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c. package colors all shades. They dye in cold water, and when any color has faded, you can repeat the process without retinting. Write for free booklet—How to Dye. Boxes 10c. and 25c. Sold everywhere.

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

Terms:—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

PERSONAL MENTION.

P. G. Schauble was a Detroit visitor Tuesday.

J. L. Gilbert spent Sunday at his home here.

Mrs. W. J. Foor was a Detroit visitor Tuesday.

Miss Lillie Wackenhut was in Jackson Sunday.

Mrs. Walz and children were in Waterloo Sunday.

Paul Dancer, of Stockbridge, spent Sunday in Chelsea.

W. H. Hammond was in Ann Arbor on business Monday.

Mrs. Edith Cavanaugh was a Detroit visitor Monday.

Mrs. George Runciman is spending a few days in Lansing.

Martin Wackenhut and son George were in Detroit Sunday.

Mrs. J. D. Colton was in Gregory several days of last week.

Mrs. Peter Easterle, of Detroit, is the guest of relatives here.

George Eisele, of Jackson, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Mrs. James Runciman is visiting her son Carlton in Saginaw.

C. E. Bowling and son William returned from Buffalo Monday.

Miss Hattie Dunn, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Elmer Beach and family spent Sunday in Clinton.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Cummings spent Saturday and Sunday in Ypsilanti.

C. E. Clayton, of Grand Rapids, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Davidson were in Eaton Rapids Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Emma Beeler, of Ann Arbor, visited relatives here the first of the week.

Myron Grant, of Detroit, spent Sunday with his sister, Mrs. Conrad Schanz.

Chris. Saley, of Bridgewater, was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Faber Sunday.

L. J. and Amelia Miller were the guests of their brother in Jackson Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Harris returned from their wedding trip the first of this week.

Vincent Burg was a guest at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. Burg, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Blaich, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Theodore Wood and wife.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Beissel and children, were guests of relatives in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Palmer, of Jackson, were guests of Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Palmer Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Fletcher, of Mason, spent several days of this week with Chelsea friends.

Everett and Winifred Benton were the guests of relatives in Jackson Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. Anna Jackson, of Detroit, is visiting her son Edward A. Jackson and family of this place.

Misses Epple and Veronica Breitenbach, of Jackson, visited their sister, Mrs. A. L. Steger, Sunday.

Mrs. Wm. Pason, of Ann Arbor, has been the guest of her sister, Mrs. Wm. Faber, for a few days.

Mrs. Tuomey and Miss Caroline Whitaker, of Ann Arbor, were guests of Mrs. C. E. Whitaker Sunday.

Mrs. M. Grant and grandson, Arthur Pierce, of Detroit, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Schanz.

Geo. W. Gramer, of Toledo, spent Sunday at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Gramer of Lima.

Misses Winifred Staphish, Winifred Eder, Hermina Huber and Marie Lusty were Ann Arbor visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Holmes visited their daughter, Mrs. Howard Ellis, in Grand Rapids several days of this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Sawyer, of Ann Arbor, were guests Monday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Skinner, of Sylvan.

Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Clark, Mr. and Mrs. N. P. Prudden, Mr. and Mrs. O. T. Hoover, Mrs. J. C. Goodyear and Mrs. L. L. Gorton attended the funeral of a relative at Romulus Sunday.

CORRESPONDENCE.

FRANCISCO NOTES.

Mabelle and Kathren Notten were Jackson visitors Tuesday.

Mrs. Henry Phelps was a Chelsea visitor Saturday afternoon.

Mrs. Clarence Gage, of Sharon, spent Monday with her mother here.

Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Musbach spent Sunday with the latter's sister and family.

Joseph Morris and daughters Rose and Mae spent Saturday and Sunday in Jackson.

Mr. Stedman, of Lima, was entertained recently at the home of Mrs. James Rowe.

H. Harvey and family spent Sunday with Aaron Snyder and family near Stockbridge.

Algernon Richards, of Ypsilanti, was a guest of Wm. Locher and wife a few days last week.

Truman, Aurleit, Hazen and Eva Lehman spent Sunday with Elert Musbach and family of Munnith.

The next meeting of the Cavanaugh Lake Grange will meet with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Quigley the 22 of October.

Paul and Lula Lehman, of Stockbridge, Victor Moeckel and wife, of Waterloo, spent Sunday at the home of H. J. Lehman.

Mrs. Michael Sager has sold her farm north of Francisco village to a Detroit man who will take possession in the near future. Mrs. Sager expects to move to Detroit this week where she will make her home with her daughter.

WATERLOO DOINGS.

L. L. Gorton was a Jackson visitor Tuesday.

John Hubbard is confined to his home by illness.

J. Rommel, the miller, is now ready to grind buckwheat.

Wm. Barber and Victor Moeckel were in Munnith Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Claude Runciman are the parents of a baby boy.

Mrs. Chris Kalz and Ida Emmons were Chelsea visitors Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Moeckel spent Sunday with relatives in Sylvan.

Judson Armstrong, of Jackson, spent Saturday with Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Rommel.

Mr. and Mrs. Emory Runciman spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Runciman, of Chelsea.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Beeman spent from Saturday until Tuesday with the latter's grandmother in Fenton.

Mrs. Jacob Kalz and childred and L. Riethmiller, of Jackson, spent Sunday with their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Reithmiller.

George Brininstool and Fred Siegrist have been drawn to serve as jurors at the November term of the Jackson county circuit court.

SHARON NEWS.

Miss Belle O'Neil, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday with Esther Troitz.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Brooks, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with Fred Kuhl.

C. C. Dorr and J. W. Dresselhouse went to Ann Arbor Tuesday on business.

Florence Reno, who teaches at Bridgewater station, was home over Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bernis O'Neil spent Sunday at the home of Frank Holmes at Norvell.

Alice, Edith and Dorothy Lehman, of Saline, spent last week with their grandparents.

Mr. and Mrs. John Heselschwerdt attended the funeral of W. H. Murray at Grass Lake Sunday.

Eugene Sanford, of Grass Lake, bought a large crop of apples which belong to Bernis O'Neil and began packing them Tuesday.

Oyster Season Here.

The oyster supper season is here and Doctor Wiley, food expert, says that if oysters could make a sound our dining rooms would ring with the tragic screams of the oysters as they are swallowed alive by us at our dinners, lunches and suppers. He says it hurts an oyster like sixty to be swallowed alive, but owing to the fact they are dumb they cannot make their anguish known. Now, do you care for some raw oysters, you lodge men?—Ex.

It Looks Like a Crime

To separate a boy from a box of Bucklen's Arnica Salve. His pimples, boils, scratches, knocks, sprains and bruises demand it, and its quick relief for burns, scalds, or cuts is his right. Keep it handy for boys, also girls. Heals everything healable and does it quick. Unquestioned for piles. Only 25 cents at L. P. Vogel, H. H. Penn Co., L. T. Freeman Co. Adv.

ADDITIONAL LOCAL.

There will be a regular meeting of the K. O. T. M. M. on Friday evening of this week.

There will be a regular meeting of Olive Chapter, O. E. S., on Wednesday, October 23.

A number from here attended the mission festival at Dexter. Rev. A. A. Schoen took part in the services.

Frank Young is reshingling the barn of Judson Knapp, of Sylvan, and otherwise improving the farm buildings.

J. W. VanRiper has sold a carload of apples to parties in Iowa which he will ship the latter part of the coming week.

Large quantities of apples and potatoes are being shipped over both railway lines from Chelsea to out of town buyers.

Many of the orchards in this vicinity had the apples blown from the trees during the high wind last Saturday morning.

Mrs. Allison Knee has had a new roof placed on the house she recently purchased of Dr. H. H. Avery on Jackson street.

Charles Bachman returned Saturday to his home in Grand Rapids after spending a week with relatives and friends here.

Mrs. Jabez Bacon and Mrs. S. A. Mades were in Grand Rapids several days of last week attending Grand Chapter, O. E. S.

Rev. Wood, of Stockbridge, will conduct services at the Lyndon Baptist church at 2:30 o'clock Sunday afternoon, October 20.

Prof. Pearce, of Ypsilanti, last Saturday night delivered an address on equal suffrage, on the corner of Main and Middle streets.

Must Show Cause.

Andrew Harris, supervisor of Morris township, Genesee county, has been ordered to show cause by Governor Osborn why he should not be removed from office. The complaint against Harris was made by Tax Commissioner Marshon, who said that Harris would not give up his tax roll and in other ways hindered the work of the tax commissioners.

Lost the Game.

The Jackson high school foot ball team defeated the Chelsea high team by a score of 30 to 0, last Saturday afternoon at Jackson. The Chelsea team were handicapped by the absence of two of their best players, who were injured the week before in the game at Ypsilanti. The Jackson team made most of its gains through the line which was very light.

CHURCH CIRCLES

CONGREGATIONAL.
Rev. Charles J. Dole, Pastor.
Morning worship at 10 o'clock. Subject of sermon, "Functions of the Ministry" second of the series "The Prophet."
Sunday school at 11 a. m.
No evening service on account of gospel temperance meeting at the Methodist church.
Missionary society on Thursday p. m. Mid-week meeting Thursday at 7:15 p. m.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.
Rev. J. W. Campbell, Pastor.
10 a. m. sermon by Rev. Dr. Ramsdell followed by Rally Day program by the Sunday school.
3 p. m. Junior League.
Epworth League at 6 p. m.
7 p. m. Union Temperance meeting by the Huff Sisters.
Wednesday 7 p. m. 1st quarterly conference.
Prayer meeting at 7:15 p. m. Everybody welcome at the Methodist tabernacle.

BAPTIST.
Prof. S. B. Laird will conduct the services at the usual hour Sunday. Sunday school and B. Y. P. U. at the usual hour.
Prayer meeting Thursday evening.

ST. PAUL'S.
Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.
Services at 10 a. m.
Sunday school at 11 a. m.

Bogus Twenty Dollar Bill is Out.

A new counterfeit of the \$20 gold certificate of the 1906 issue has been discovered by the secret service, and banks throughout the country have been warned against it. The counterfeit is apparently printed from photographic-mechanical plates of crude workmanship on two pieces of paper between which short pieces of heavy blue silk have been massed. The portrait of Washington is so poor, Acting Chief Moran says, that it should lead to the immediate detection of the counterfeit. It bears check letter "D" plate number 147, and the signatures of W. T. Vernon, register of the treasury, and Charles H. Treat, treasurer.

Stuck Fast in a Potato.

An old farmer was noted for boasting about the products of his farm, so one day a neighbor, thinking to take a rise out of him sent his man to ask if he could have the loan of his crosscut saw to cut a turnip, so as to get it in the cart.

He was not quite sure, however, that he had had the best of it, when he received the following reply:

"You should have had the saw with pleasure, but I have just got it fast in a potato."—Ex.

PASS PROSPERITY AROUND

National Progressive Party

AUTO TOUR OF COUNTY

Street Meeting

AT

CHELSEA

ON

Monday, October 21

At 10 A. M.

SPEAKERS

HERBERT F. BAKER, present Speaker of House and Candidate for Auditor General.

H. S. PROBERT, Candidate for Congress, this district.

E. B. MANWARRING, Candidate for the Legislature.

H. A. HODGE, Candidate for Sheriff.

ALL TURN OUT



Young Men, Attention!

You've never before had such good clothes opportunity as you have right now.

The new models made for you by HART SCHAFFNER & MARX and other good makers are here for your inspection. Good quality in materials, good fit, and a certain distinction and air of good breeding; these are the important things in clothes for the man who dresses right. Many cloths and styles to select from.

Suits \$12.50 to \$25.00

New Overcoats

New Ideas In Overcoats

Smart styles especially designed for young men; lots of new belt styles in overcoats this fall; things you'll particularly like to wear; you can't do better in overcoats than here; there are no better; all marked at the lowest possible prices. Let us show you.

Boys' Knickerbocker Suits

(Age 6 to 18 years)

In a large variety of colors and materials and Blue Serges. Suits that are made to look well and to give the best of service. Priced, \$4.00 to \$7.50.

Many Men and Boys Will Buy Shoes Here This Week

And they'll have the best stock to pick from that we have ever gathered together in one place. A good last for men is the nobby light tan, or black with button or blucher top, rounding slightly raised to military heel. This is a good medium weight shoe at \$4.00 and \$4.50.

Boys will like these velvet calf shoes, bright finished, with high swing toe, blucher top, plump weight soles, military heels, sizes 1 to 5 1/2, at \$2.25.

For boys who wear 9 to 13 1/2 shoes, here's a good one of black calf with dull kid top, blucher style, extension sole, low heel. It has plenty of toe room, \$1.50.

Great Special Sale of Women's and Misses' Suits at \$15.00

(Positively at much less than usual prices)

These Suits come in Storm Serges, Novelty Cloth, all colors, sizes 14, 16, 18 and up to 40. To this lot of newest Suits now selling at \$15.00 we have added about 20 Suits that were \$25.00 to \$30.00, no two alike, all odd suits that we must clean up, and are willing to sell at \$15.

Unusual Values in Suits and Coats at \$15 and \$18.50

Compare these Suits and Coats with garments of similar style and class sold elsewhere at from \$5 to \$10 more and you will readily admit that these values at \$15 and \$18.50 are positively unequalled. Over 30 styles in Coats from which to make your selection, and a range of materials that includes every conceivable fabric and coloring approved for autumn and winter wear.



For Saturday

(But only while stock on hand lasts)

Women's very thin gauze real Silk Hose, black only, sizes 8 1/2, 9 and 9 1/2; also Women's odd lots of beautiful Lisle black Hose, some with white feet, all from our regular 25c qualities. Now 19c

Newest Messaline Waists, all colors and sizes, just received, now \$2.98, \$3.50 and \$4.00

Extremely Long Corsets

You can find very few of the famous makers of Corsets that offer a strictly new, fashionable, long corset at \$1.00. We can sell you a very long, newest style, Kabo at \$1.00. Better stayed Kabos at \$1.50, \$2.00 and upwards.

We never sold so many Nemos as we are selling now. They certainly are appreciated, and women that have worn a Nemo Corset will not buy any other make. Price \$3.00, \$3.50, \$4.00.

Buy Warranted, Guaranteed Cadet Hose

For Man, Woman or Child, and bring them back to us if they don't wear to suit YOU.

Always 25c per pair



Introductory Sale of Famous Essex Mills Underwear for Women and Children

For many years hundred of Chelsea's women and children have worn these famous garments in preference to all other makes—and with good reasons. In quality, fit, style and finish the product of the Essex Mills stands supreme.

We carry a complete line for women and children in Union Suits and separate Vests and Pants in any wanted weight and style at prices less than inferior makes can be bought for elsewhere.

For Saturday We Call Special Attention to Our 50c Union Suits for Women and Children

We want you to get acquainted with these garments. Nothing to equal them at the price. Finest quality yarn, perfect fit and satisfactory wear—that's the story of these Essex Mills suits at

50c

H. S. Holmes Mercantile Co.

It's THE BEST POLISH I EVER USED



That's What Every One Says Who Tries

Black Silk Stove Polish

DON'T imagine for a moment that all brands of stove polish are the same. Don't get the idea that to keep a nice glossy shine on your stove you must black it every few days. It's not a question of off-repeated application. It's a question of the stove polish to use.

Black Silk Stove Polish is so much better than other stove polishes there is absolutely no comparison—it's in a class all by itself. It makes a brilliant glossy shine that don't rub or dust off. It anneals to the same formula and sold under one name for 20 years.

Get a can and give it a trial. Try it on your parlor stove, your cook stove, your gas range. If you do not find it the best stove polish you ever used, your dealer is authorized to refund your money. Black Silk Stove Polish has been made here is what some of the ladies write us:

"I sent you for a can of Black Silk Stove Polish and found it so much better than any I had ever used that I asked my hardware dealer to order a supply. He did so, and is now selling nearly everyone in the place your polish. I had no idea there could be a difference in stove polishes."

"I was visiting friends and they used Black Silk Stove Polish on their stoves. It made the best shine I ever saw, and after blacking, the polish did not rub or dust off. It is way ahead of any polish I have ever used."

Ask Your Dealer. Costs you no more than the ordinary kind, so why not have the best. Made in liquid or paste—one quality.

Black Silk Stove Polish Works, Sterling, Ill.

Use Black Silk Air-Drying Iron Enamel for grates, fenders, registers, stove pipes, etc. Prevents rusting. Not affected by heat or cold. Produces a permanent glossy black surface. Can, with brush for applying enamel, only 25 cents. Ask your dealer.

Use Black Silk Metal Polish for nickel, brass, silverware or tinware. It has no equal for use on automobiles.

"A Shine in Every Drop"

WHY WE DETEST PARASITES

Feeling of instinctive revulsion is justified, for they are carriers of disease.

The feeling of instinctive revulsion against parasites of all kinds which characterizes humanity generally, and which is due to something much more than the mere pain or annoyance that their bites might inflict, become more interesting as further discoveries show the role of insects in the spread of disease.

Unfortunately this natural abhorrence has not been enough to protect man under conditions of poverty and uncleanness from harboring such parasites, and now those who understand how much more than a mere personal annoyance is in question from the existence of parasites must take up the problem to eradicate them.

The possibility of the bedbug conveying relapsing fever, typhoid and leprosy has been suggested and apparently there is no parasite of man that may not be a mode of disease conveyance. Flies, fleas, mosquitoes and bugs not only are all under suspicion, but most of them are also actually demonstrated as ordinary and frequent conveyors of diseases of various kinds.

Health authorities must now take up the problem of getting rid of insect parasites in order to stamp out disease. — From the Journal of the American Medical Association.

MILK INSPECTION IS NO FUN

Incident Showing How Hard It is to Force Sanitary Rules on Dirty People.

The trials and tribulations of a milk inspector trying to force insanitary people to live according to sanitary rules are shown in the issue of the Healthologist, the official organ of the Milwaukee health department. The story follows:

A Milwaukee milk inspector during a farm inspection, came upon a place hopelessly filthy, disorderly and run down. A motherly person with a big heart, but firm and weird convictions, listened to the young man's suggestions. Then looking over her spectacles pityingly, she said:

"Boy, my mother was ninety-seven years old when she died. She was dirtier than I am, and lived in a dirtier house and drank dirtier milk. If she could stand it I guess there ain't no reason why I and the city folks that get milk from this farm can't stand it too."

And not being able to answer that argument, the milk inspector left her—kindly withal, but yet voicing her indignation over "them there new fangled ideas of cleanliness."

Definition of the Beau.

A beau is one who arranges his curled locks gracefully, who ever smells of balms and cinnamon, who hums the songs of the Nile and Cadiz, who throws his sleek arms into various attitudes, who lies away the whole day among the chairs of the ladies, who is ever whispering in some one's ear, who reads little billets-doux from this quarter and that, and writes them in return; who avoids rubbing his dress by contact with his neighbor's sleeve, who knows with whom everybody is in love; who flutters from feast to feast; who can recount exact-ly the pedigree of Hircinius. What do you tell me, is this a beau, Cotius? Then a beau, Cotius, is a very trifling thing.

Filling the House.

The theatrical man just in off the road was recounting to the New York manager his qualifications for a box office post.

"I don't see that you are any better than a dozen other men I can take my pick from," said the manager. "You say you can sell tickets. So can they. Nobody can sell tickets if people don't come to buy."

"No, they can't," said the man, "but I have the knack of seating people so an audience of 50 people will look like 400, and the house will never look empty."

"There's a good deal in that," said the manager, and he gave the man the job.

How He Treated Her.

A certain osteopath was treating a young woman who had very weak ankles and wrists. As she lived in a town quite a distance from his own city, he was forced to leave the city Saturday of each week and go to the town in which the young woman lived, give her the treatment Sunday, and return to the office Monday. A friend once asked the osteopath how he had arranged to give the young woman the treatment for her ankles and wrists when she lived at such a distance, and the osteopath replied: "Oh, I go out and treat her week ends."—Lippincott's Magazine.

Parliamentary Law.

No one man is responsible for parliamentary law. It was born of deliberative exigencies. Its rules, precedents and usages are contained neither in statutes nor court decisions and are only binding when a deliberative body chooses to make them so. Most of the rules now accepted had their origin in the English parliament. Changes have been made to meet the needs of our legislative bodies, even as changes were made in the English parliament—parliamentary law growing from the simple procedure of the Anglo Saxon town moot to the more complicated deliberative machinery of today.

Choral Union Series.

One of the strongest, as well as one of the most interesting series of concerts ever offered in the middle west, has been scheduled by the University Musical Society on the Choral Union series, Ann Arbor, for the coming year. The excellent work which the society has done in the past in bringing to Michigan so many splendid musicians, is well known to music lovers, not only in Ann Arbor, but in all the surrounding towns and cities, who have been able to take advantage of the many attractions which have been scheduled, and it will be with pleasure that the announcement of this season's offerings is learned. Mme. Schumann-Heink, who is claimed to be the world's best loved singer, will open the series by a song recital Tuesday evening, October 22nd. She is such a universal favorite, that it is unnecessary to make any comments regarding her work. November 25th, the Flozaley String Quartet, whose work is considered the standard for all quartets, will give another of their charming programs. In December, Reinold Werrenrate, the distinguished baritone who has won so enviable a place as an artist of high order, will give a song recital. In January, the Boston Symphony Orchestra of one hundred men, under the baton of Dr. Carl Muck, will appear. This organization is recognized as one of the greatest American Orchestras, and its performances set the standard for all other such organizations. With the coming of Dr. Muck to take charge of the orchestra a new era is predicted. The last of the pre-festival concerts will be given in February by Tina Lerner, a well-known Russian pianist. It will be recalled that she appeared in the May Festival two years ago, and made a splendid impression in a difficult Chopin concerto which she played at that time. The twentieth May Festival will mark a great step in the progress of this institution, in that it will be given in the Hill Auditorium which is now nearing completion. This structure which is being erected at a cost of a quarter of a million dollars, will have a seating capacity of 5000 persons, so that the congestion experienced at previous festivals should be eliminated. The building has splendid stage arrangements, so that an augmented chorus can be used, while the full Thomas Orchestra of 80 men will be engaged, instead of the 50 men, as in the past. Artists of the highest rank will also be engaged. Detailed announcements regarding the series as a whole may be had by reference to the special Choral Union announcement which may be secured at Miss Helene Steinbach's music studio, and at C. Steinbach's store. Tickets are also on sale at these places.

Auction Sale.

At the Waterloo store on Saturday, October 19, commencing at 2 o'clock p. m. Cadillac automobile in running order; good set of tires; motor can be used for power purposes; one narrow tire wagon; one heavy spring wagon; one top buggy; one two-wheel push cart; one fifty-gallon copper kettle; one oak bedstead. Louis Meyer, administrator, will also sell all the personal property of Jacob Roth, deceased. As an extra inducement for you to attend this sale we will give a sanitary collapsible aluminum cup with every \$1.00 purchase at the store. Or a crystal glass water pitcher with every \$5.00 purchase, excepting sugar, during the afternoon of the sale. Lynn L. Gorton, Prop. Geo. H. Foster, auctioneer. Milton Riethmiller, clerk. Advertisement.

BEST FOR AGED PEOPLE

Here's a Kidney Treatment We Want You to Try at Our Risk.

With advanced age comes derangement of the kidneys and associate organs. Nature is unable to perform her proper functions and requires certain outside aid.

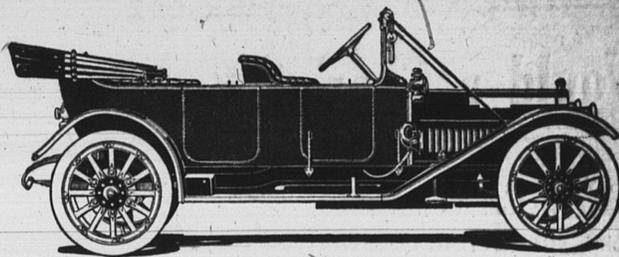
We are so confident we have the essential aid for restoring strength, activity and health to weak or diseased kidneys that we are willing to supply it with the positive understanding that it shall cost the user nothing whatever, if for any reason it fails to give entire satisfaction.

After a thorough experience with the most successful kidney treatment, we are satisfied that Rexall Kidney Pills embraces all those qualities so necessary for giving prompt and permanent relief in cases of kidney and urinary ailments.

Inasmuch as a trial of Rexall Kidney Pills can be had at our entire risk, there is no reason for anyone hesitating to put it to a practical test. Try a package today, on our guarantee. Price 50c. Sold in this community only at our store, The Rexall Store. L. T. Freeman Co. Advertisement.

Everybody Invited.

The L. O. T. M. M. and K. O. T. M. M. will give a chicken pie supper at their hall and a dance at the town hall Wednesday evening, October 23. Chicken pie supper 25 cents. Dance at town hall 50 cents. Everybody come and have a good time. Advertising Committee.



Chalmers "Six" \$2400

ATTENTION!

Automobile Owners and Dealers

See the 1913 Chalmers Cars Here In Chelsea About Oct. 18

As general agents for the Chalmers Motor Company we are bringing to your city the new 1913 models of the Chalmers "Thirty-six," \$1950, and the Chalmers "Six," \$2400 to \$2600.

nothing to be desired in COMFORT, CONVENIENCE, LUXURY and APPEARANCE. You cannot get more in these particulars in any car—no matter what the price. No car at a lower price has anything like their CLASS. These are QUALITY CARS at medium prices.

18 Notable Features of Chalmers Cars for 1913

Electric Lights	Increased Wheel Base	Jeweled Magnetic Speedometer
Turkish Cushions	Improved Springs	4-Forward Speed Transmission
Eleven-Inch Upholstery	Chalmers Self-starter	Big Wheels and Tires
Nickel Trimmings	Long Stroke Motor	Dual Ignition System
New Flush-sided Bodies	Demountable Rims	Carburetor Dash Adjustment
Special Silk Mohair Top	Cellular Radiator	Rain Vision Windshield

Chalmers "Six" \$2400

Quantity production and increased manufacturing facilities make possible this unprecedented price of \$2400. Here is a tried and proven six-cylinder car of the finest quality—a thoroughly high-grade six-cylinder car at medium price.

Note these splendid features—heretofore found only on some of the most costly automobiles:

Electric Lighting.—By the Gray & Davis system, is regular equipment. Just touch a switch on the dash and you can light at will, head, tail, and side lights.

Chalmers Self-Starter.—A season's use has proved this the simplest and most efficient starting device yet designed. You simply press a foot button on the dash and your motor starts. No more cranking. No danger. No strain on the motor.

The "Six" motor (41 x 54) is a giant of power. Though rated at 54 h. p., it actually develops 60 to 70 h. p.

Continental Demountable Rims reduce tire trouble to the minimum. You can change the tires in a few minutes.

Turkish Cushions.—Comfort is built into every detail of this car. Cushions are of the Turkish type, 11 inches thick, soft as a down pillow.

Upholstery is of the luxurious, overstuffed type. All seats are wide and roomy. The Chalmers "Six" gives you the same restful comfort as a big armchair.

New Flush-sided Bodies have the graceful bell-shaped back. Dash is one piece with body. Top of hood and sides of body form one line from radiator to rear seat.

Handsome Nickel Trimmings are regular equipment. Leather lining throughout the car and on the dash leaves nothing to scratch or mar. Twenty-one coats of paint and varnish give a finish that cannot be surpassed.

Big 36 x 41-2 inches Tires carry the car smoothly over the roughest roads. The "Six" is "over-tired," which means less tire expense. Wheel base 130 inches.

A Reliable Speedometer, a jeweled instrument of the magnetic type, is regular equipment.

New Style Chalmers Dash.—On the dash are carried all controls and indicators needed for convenient operation of the car.

"Thirty-Six" \$1950

Striking improvements and added features make the new 1913 "Thirty-Six" more than ever an ideal all-around motor car. It has power in abundance, speed, hill-climbing ability and rugged endurance to meet the utmost demands.

The 1913 Chalmers "Thirty-Six" offers you every motor luxury—at a medium price.

Consider the many points which make the "Thirty-Six" the acknowledged leader in its class:

The wheel base of the 1913 "Thirty-Six" has been increased to 118 inches, which still further improves its easy riding qualities.

Luxurious Turkish cushions, 11 inch upholstery (the same quality as used on some \$5000 cars), tilted seats, all give the greatest possible riding ease. Seats are exceptionally roomy.

Big 36 x 41 inch tires carry the car smoothly over the roughest roads. The "Thirty-Six" is over-tired, which means less tire expense. Springs are unusually flexible.

Full electric lighting by the Gray & Davis system is furnished on the "Thirty-Six."

Chalmers self-starter, simplified and improved, is furnished on the "Thirty-Six" of course.

A reliable Speedometer, a jeweled, magnetic instrument, is regular equipment.

1913 bodies are greatly improved in design and finish. They have the integral cowed dash, on which are carried all controls. Everything for the handling of the car is within easy reach.

Note the wide doors, smooth straight sides, rounded back, graceful cowed dash, elegant appointments.

This car will do your work with power to spare. The splendid long stroke motor—41 x 54 inches—has wonderful pulling qualities. Quiet and smooth running all speeds.

The four-forward speed transmission is one of the distinctive Chalmers features largely responsible for the success of the "Thirty-Six" last year.

Other Chalmers features which have made this car such a marked success are retained—such as dual ignition, demountable rims (five), genuine honeycomb radiator, dash adjustment for carburetor, large brakes, frame and steel connections of extra weight and strength.

New Chalmers Models for 1913

Six-Cylinder Models	"Thirty-Six" Models
Touring Car, 5-passenger.....\$2400	Touring Car, 5-passenger.....\$1950
Touring Car, 7-passenger.....\$2600	Touring Car, 7-passenger.....\$2150
Torpedo, 4-passenger.....\$2400	Torpedo, 4-passenger.....\$1950
Roadster, 2-passenger.....\$2400	Roadster, 2-passenger.....\$1950
Limousine, 7-passenger.....\$3700	Limousine, 7-passenger.....\$3250
Coupe, 4-passenger.....\$2700	Coupe, 4-passenger.....\$2250

Big Opportunity for a Chalmers Dealer Here

We represent the Chalmers Motor Company of Detroit in Eastern Michigan. Our salesmen are covering this territory. We want the right dealer HERE. Remember Chalmers cars are quality cars—yet sold at medium prices. There is a demand for a car of this class right here. We invite dealers or others properly equipped to handle the line to see the cars and confer with us about terms, territory, etc.

Neumann-Lane Company, Detroit, Mich.

Phone North 2436

1342-1352 Woodward Ave.

Fall and Winter Millinery

WE ARE NOW SHOWING A FULL LINE OF FALL AND WINTER MILLINERY. ALL THE LATEST STYLES.

MILLER SISTERS

THE BEST

Prime Beef, Pig Pork, Veal and Spring Lamb, Salt Pork, Sweet Cured Hams and Bacon, Fowls, Spring Chickens, Boiled Ham, Veal Loaf, Pressed Meats, Frankfurts, Summer Sausage, Bologna, Corned Beef, etc.

Eppler & VanRiper

HOTEL GRISWOLD

Grand River Avenue and Griswold Street, Detroit, Mich.

POSTAL HOTEL COMPANY

Fred Postal, President Charles Postal, Secretary

DETROIT'S MOST POPULAR HOTEL

European Plan Only Rates \$1.50 per day and up

THE FINEST CAFE WEST OF NEW YORK

Services A La Carte at Popular Prices

A Strictly Modern and Up-to-Date Hotel. Centrally located in the very heart of the city. "WHERE LIFE IS WORTH LIVING."

NOTHING BETTER AT OUR RATES

Try The Standard Want Column IT GIVES RESULTS

Would a Change Benefit You?

Do YOU want a change in the administration of our National Government?

This is a PERSONAL QUESTION directed to you.

While your vote affects the welfare of every man, woman and child in this land, yet the question for you to decide is, what is best for YOU?

Did you ever stop to think that if every voter in the United States selfishly cast his vote for the men and things which would bring him the greatest PERSONAL PROFIT, that the NET RESULT would be of greatest benefit to the MAJORITY?

This is true, isn't it?

Then the thing for you to do right now is to sit down and figure out just what is the most profitable thing for YOU. Then you will have decided, indirectly, what is most profitable for the nation.

You live in Michigan. For the past four years you have faced conditions which are either conducive to your PROSPERITY and HAPPINESS or you have been confronted by conditions that beckon HARDSHIP and DISAPPOINTMENT.

President TAFT has for over three years guided the ship of state over a course and according to charts accepted by Republicans as most likely to land the PEOPLE safely into the harbor of peace, contentment, material happiness and prosperity.

Has Mr. TAFT been a true PILOT? Are YOU ready to mutiny? Will YOU be deceived by the flickering light of a FALSE BEACON?

Let us determine just what progress has been made under a Republican administration, not by rehearsing fulsome generalities about shops running full time, mines operating all shifts, factories working to capacity, workmen getting high wages and the farmer receiving higher prices, but by producing FACTS and FIGURES.

Investigate conditions in Michigan. Compare the state's welfare now with its position in 1894 under Democratic rule.

In 1894 there were 2,325 factories in the state, employing 68,591 males and 11,787 females. Now there are 9,456 factories in operation, employing 303,524 males and 52,777 females.

This is a total of OVER A QUARTER MILLION MORE people actually employed in Michigan now than in 1894.

Wages?

Do you know that those employes received an average of \$2.23 per day in 1911? And do you know that the average daily wage was \$1.28 in the dark days of 1894?

Do YOU want a change?

Hours of labor?

The average number of hours work exacted from each employe in 1894 was 10.9. In 1911 it was reduced to 9.9.

Although the day's work is one hour LESS, the day's wage is nearly ONE DOLLAR MORE. And the total amount paid in wages in Michigan in 1911 was nearly SEVEN MILLION DOLLARS IN EXCESS of the total amount paid to labor in 1894.

But the FARMER, you may say, how has HE been benefited?

The price of wheat in 1894 was 53 cents; NOW it is \$1.06. Corn WAS 36 cents while PRESENT quotations are 66 cents per bushel. Oats, barley, rye, hay, butter, cheese, eggs, and milk have nearly doubled in value. Horses, cattle, sheep and swine have greatly increased—nearly doubled—in value.

And conditions throughout the entire country compare with those of Michigan.

The amount of money in circulation has increased approximately \$3 for every man, woman and child in the United States during the Taft administration.

The total bank clearings increased from \$138,823,000,000 during Roosevelt's administration to \$153,369,000,000 under Taft rule.

The total amount deposited in banks under three years of Roosevelt was \$11,667,000,000. During three years of Taft's occupancy of the White House they amounted to \$14,531,000,000.

Would you change?

The postoffice receipts during the Roosevelt administration was \$162,000,000 and they jumped to \$214,000,000 during the three years following the ascendancy of Mr. Taft to the presidential chair.

Forgetting the fine language, the oratory, the high-sounding phrases of politicians who seek a change for their own benefit, ask yourself the question, "Would a CHANGE benefit ME?"

Are you a laborer? Then ask yourself if a change would raise YOUR wages and not it would throw YOU out of a job. You are enjoying prosperity NOW. Do YOU want a change?

Are you a farmer? You are getting higher prices than ever before for your farm products. Fewer of you are working to raise a mortgage from the homestead. Some of you have just pulled off that "plaster" the Democrats placed on the home—the shelter of your wife and children.

The wise man votes for what is best for HIMSELF and those he holds dear to him.

Do YOU want a change?

A vote for William Howard Taft is a bid for further prosperity and material welfare.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

A. J. Groesbeck, Chairman.

BREVITIES

GRASS LAKE—A number of cases of measles are reported in this village.

SCIO—T. Y. Phelps has sold his farm in Scio to Samuel Smith of Lima. Alfred and Rude Wagner have purchased the Geo. Moore farm.

HOWELL—A Riley Crittenden of Howell has purchased a 12 passenger automobile for spring delivery which will be used to run between Howell and Fenton as a bus line.

PLYMOUTH—Plymouth Grange is making preparations to hold a rural school fair at Penniman hall, November 15th and 16th. Every school with a member of the grange residing in the district is eligible to compete.

ANN ARBOR—Leonard J. Worden of this city has been elected treasurer of the Progressive county committee to succeed Frank J. Davidson, resigned. Mr. Worden will continue the work of raising funds for the campaign.

ANN ARBOR—The Republican county committee has opened headquarters in this city. The Republican headquarters are in two rooms on the sixth floor of the First National bank building, Main and Huron streets, at the east end of the corridor.

ADRIAN—The tax payers of Adrian will vote on November 5 on a proposition to purchase the plant of the Adrian Water Company. If the people approve they will later be given a chance to vote a bond issue to provide funds for the purchase of the plant.

WHITMORE LAKE—People here were shocked to hear that Frank Field has fallen a victim to the same disease which killed his wife last week, and the doctors think there is no chance for his recovery. Mrs. Field's funeral was very largely attended it not being generally known that the disease is very contagious, and much fear is felt that infantile paralysis may become epidemic.

GRASS LAKE—Residents were shocked Friday morning to learn of the death of Wm. Murray, of Grass Lake at the city hospital, Jackson, after an operation for appendicitis. Mr. Murray lived for a number of years on the Hobart farm one-half mile south of Franciscus, before entering the mercantile business in Grass Lake and stood high in the estimation of his neighbors and friends.

MILFORD—A. D. DeGarmo of Highland has in his possession one of the medals awarded at the first Michigan state fair in 1849, the same being one of three awarded to his father for a cow, a bull and a butter exhibition at that event. The fair grounds were located on the present site of the hotel Cadillac. The elder Mr. DeGarmo was one of the pioneer, shorthorn breeders of the state.

TECUMSEH—Wm. C. VanAntwerp recently sold to a New York City dealer in "American pearls and imported lavender colored pearls, weighing 61 grains, for which he received \$150. This is the thirteenth pearl sold by Mr. VanAntwerp, the others ranging in price from \$10 to \$35. Other pearl fishers have also made valuable finds, one receiving \$150 for his collection.

MANCHESTER—We learn that some of the men who worked for FitzGerald & Co. on the water works contract, and did not get their pay, have refused to work for the village unless the village pays what is due them. That seems quite foolish as they might be earning good money and be sure of their pay for that. If they will be patient they will undoubtedly get what is due them, but the village first wants to get permission from the bonding company to pay.

HUDSON—An Adrian girl who was visiting in our city was introduced to one of the real Hudson dudes, who asked her to go to a picture show. Looking surprised, she said: "I don't mean photographic illustrations of animated nature displayed in shadowy form on a screen, I think I will take great pleasure in accompanying you." Then he, fainting and when he recovered a half hour later he wanted to know whether the Adrian girl was still on earth, or had floated heavenward on the buoyancy of her animated vocabulary.

MILAN—James Doyle, one of the oldest and best known settlers of this section, and a prominent and respected resident of Milan for many years, died early Saturday morning after an illness of about ten days. Mr. Doyle was 87 years old and his death was caused by the infirmities of old age. He was widely known throughout the county and had held numerous political offices, having been justice of the peace for a great many years. He was noted for his quick wit and he had friends everywhere. The funeral services were conducted by the Masonic fraternity, and was held at the residence Tuesday at 1 o'clock.

BRIDGEWATER—Potato harvest is in progress, and the yield is said to be exceptionally good. It is difficult to find help to pick them up.

BRIDGEWATER—Many foreigners are employed in gathering the sugar beet crop which is very fine if the sugar test is as good as is hoped.

BRIDGEWATER—Frank Woodward went to Indiana and sold a lot of apples at good prices. They are picking and packing for shipment.

SALINE—The Standard Oil people have purchased from Alfred Miller a strip of land near the depot where they will erect an oil house for the storage of their products.

MANCHESTER—Rev. Fr. Fisher is very anxious to sell the rectory, and the lot on which the old church edifice stands. The church building he does not wish to sell as it might be desecrated by using it for a barn or warehouse. Therefore he would prefer to wreck it. He would dispose of the building for a church at Brooklyn or some other place. It could be taken down, shipped and rebuilt at comparatively small cost and for that purpose he would be willing to almost give it to a neighboring parish. The lot with the church removed, would make a fine location for a house and we wish some farmer would buy it and put up a comfortable residence.



John Kalmbach
Republican Candidate for
State Representative

1st District—Washtenaw County.
(SECOND TERM)

Upon my record in the legislature I am seeking re-election.

Your vote will be greatly appreciated

William A. Seery
DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR
REGISTER OF DEEDS.



No more competent or better qualified man can be found in Washtenaw County for the office of Register of Deeds than Mr. Seery. He is thoroughly familiar with the many details of the office. Mr. Seery is a conscientious and painstaking official, able to give the public intelligent information on many complicated questions in connection with this work. Mr. Seery is somewhat handicapped in getting around the county to see the people, having when a young man, met with an accident which deprived him of a limb. He respectfully solicits your vote and assistance upon his ability to give the public an intelligent and faithful service.
ROSS GRANGER, Chairman.

Emory E. Leland
REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR
JUDGE OF PROBATE.



Owing to the amount of business in the Probate Office, I will be unable to see many of the voters of Washtenaw county, but I would be very glad to receive your vote at the November election. I have at all times endeavored to administer the estates that have come to my jurisdiction economically and honestly.

Yours truly,
EMORY E. LELAND.

Take Notice.

We, the undersigned land owners of Lyndon township forbid all parties from hunting and trapping on our farms.

James Howlett, John Clark, Wm. F. Roepcke, Jas. Shanahan, Homer Stoffer, Walter L. Webb, George Sweeney, S. L. Young, G. Haggarty, Wm. Fox, H. A. Standbridge, The Smith Farm, Henry Stoffer, George Simmons, Melvin Scripser, Wm. Otto, Lewis Wright, Dick Clark & Son.

Try the Standard "Want" Advs.



Chas. L. Miller
Republican Nominee.

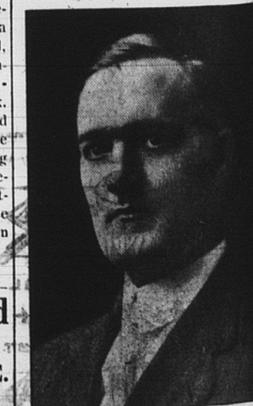
For County Clerk
A Vote For Me Will Be Greatly Appreciated.

ELECTION NOVEMBER 5, 1912



Henry Dieterle
(Of Dexter Township)
Republican Candidate

FOR
County Treasurer
A vote for me will be greatly appreciated.



George J. Burke
The Democratic candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Washtenaw County. He was born on a farm in this county and has been a resident of the county ever since. He obtained his education through his own efforts and started in the practice of the law in 1907.

Mr. Burke has been Prosecuting Attorney for one term and his campaign is for re-election. His record in the office is such that his friends throughout the county feel that he will have the support of all citizens who believe in impartial law enforcement.

Mr. Burke never held office or was a candidate for office before his election as Prosecutor. Advertisement.

1912
Commissioners' Notice.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw, ss. The undersigned having been appointed by the Probate Court for said county, Commissioners to receive, examine and adjust all claims and demands of all persons against the estate of David Blach, late of said county deceased, hereby give notice that four months from date are allowed, by order of said Probate Court, for creditors to present their claims against the estate of said deceased, and they will meet at the office of John Kalmbach, of the village of Chelsea, in said county, on the 15th day of December and on the 7th day of February next, at 10 o'clock a. m. of each of said days to receive, examine and adjust said claims.
Dated October 7th, 1912.
JOHN KALMBACH,
Probate Commissioner.

NOTICE TO HUNTERS

No hunting, trapping or tree passing will be allowed on our farms.
GEO. T. ENGLISH,
F. H. SWEETLAND,
ELMER WEINBERG.

Try The Standard Want Column Advertisements and get Results.

JAMES E. MCGREGOR

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR

STATE SENATOR

12th Senatorial District—Washtenaw and Oakland Counties

In Michigan the people have no direct vote for United States Senator the Legislature makes the choice. If elected, I will vote for Alfred Lucking. The only way that you can support him is to vote for me.

PLATFORM

1. I stand squarely on the Democratic platform—the most sanely progressive any party has ever offered to the American people. I stand for Wilson and Ferris and the reforms they advocate. I favor
2. A simplified primary law, and presidential primaries.
3. A strong anti-corrupt practices act.
4. A non-partisan, short ballot.
5. A fullest measure of local self-government.
6. The initiative and referendum.
7. A thorough house cleaning at the State Capitol.
8. Economy in State administration, and lower taxes.
9. Alfred Lucking for United States Senator.
10. A Public Utilities Commission.
11. Reduction of telephone and express rates.

JAMES E. MCGREGOR.



Geo. W. Beckwith

DEMOCRATIC NOMINEE

For County Clerk

Your Vote Will Be Appreciated

WE OFFER

the services of 14 Teachers and the use of the finest equipment for training Young Men and Women to earn good salaries in Business. Our New Catalogue explains fully. Send us a post card request for a copy. It will show you something about the oldest, yet most modern business school in our State. Address Detroit Business University 65 West Grand River Ave., Detroit, Mich. E. R. Shaw, Pres.

SHOE REPAIRING

Quickly and Neatly Done. Work Guaranteed Satisfactory. Prices Reasonable.

CHAS. SCHMIDT

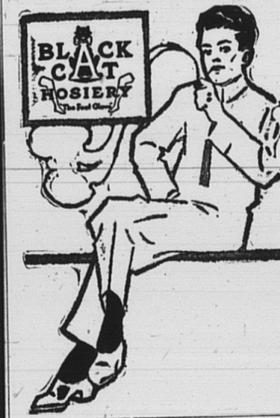
The Standard "Want" advs. give results. Try them.

CORRECTNESS IN MEN'S DRESS

Correctness in this case means more than just a matter of proper style. It applies to fit and quality as well. Our



Fall and Winter Clothing fulfills the word correctness in every sense. First, because it is correct in style. Second, because it is correct in fit. Third, because it is correct in tailoring. Fourth, because it is correct in quality. And Fifth, because it is correct in price.



Emery FOR MEN
Furnishing Goods

A full dress shirt, a tie—anything in fact for the social functions—we have them all, the newest and most correct things for men's dress.

Hats

Our hats are found on all the stylish dressed men. They are right in shape and likewise in quality.

SHOES FOR MEN AND BOYS

The pleasure of "Shoe Satisfaction" will be yours, sir, if you place your feet inside a pair of OUR kind of Shoes. We'll be pleased to show you the new fall styles.

DANCER BROTHERS.

J. Bacon Mercantile Co.'s

STORE OF "CERTAIN SATISFACTION"
ON THE HILL

Headquarters for Steel Ranges and Heating Stoves, U. S. Cream Separators.

25c Zine Lined Washboards, each.....14c

We want to close out our stock of Buggies, Wagons, Woven Wire Fence and Spring Tooth Harrows, and you can save 25 to 33 1-3 per cent by buying now.

100 Piece English Semi-Porcelain Dinner Sets for.....\$6.00

SEE OUR 10 CENT BARGAINS

J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

HE KNOWS

When tempted to invest your money in highly promising securities, consult your banker.

HE KNOWS

How many of your friends have lost their money in oil wells, mining stock, etc.? Have any of your friends ever lost a dollar by being a regular depositor with The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank?

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

LOCAL ITEMS.

The Southern Circle met with Mrs. J. Stipe Tuesday. All report a good time.

There will be a democratic meeting at the town hall, on Saturday, November 2.

Frank Leach and Herman Dancer made an auto trip to Waterloo on business Monday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Briggs have moved to the Geo. Eisele residence on Lincoln street. Mr. Briggs is employed by the Flanders Mfg. Co.

The Chelsea high school and Plymouth high school football teams will play a game at Wilkinson field at 3 o'clock Friday afternoon, October 18.

Those from here who attended the meeting of the Shriners in Detroit last Friday evening were J. F. Waltrous, Dr. R. S. Armstrong and N. H. Cook.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur C. Miller of Buchanan were guests at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. Alber Sunday. Mrs. Miller will remain here for two weeks.

The Maccabees will serve a chicken pie supper at their hall on Wednesday evening, October 23. They will also give a dance at the town hall the same evening.

John Tice, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday. Mr. Tice formerly resided here and was employed in the drug department of the L. T. Freeman Co.

The Young People's Society of St. Paul's church will hold their quarterly business meeting at the home of Mrs. Fred Niehaus in Lima, Friday evening, October 18. Scrub lunch.

Allie Page, Edward Corey and the other section foremen, who are employed on the Michigan Central at this place, were in Detroit Sunday where they attended a meeting of the section foremen's union.

St. Paul's church society are gathering field products, fruit and canned fruit for the German Protestant Orphan Home in Detroit. Those wishing to contribute please leave same at the parsonage next Monday, October 21.

There will be an equal suffrage meeting at the Sylvan theatre on Saturday evening to be addressed by Mrs. Varney of Paw Paw. Mrs. Varney comes highly recommended and her lecture is under the auspices of the W. C. T. U.

Tuesday morning the engine on the east bound local freight train was derailed while switching cars in the Chelsea yards, and was detained here for over two hours. An eastbound freight train was stopped and drew the derailed engine on to the track.

J. B. Cole, local manager of the Gas Co., is moving into the Klein building on Main street this week. He informs the Standard that he expects that gas will be turned on for the Chelsea patrons of the company some time between October 25 and November 1.

Charles Runciman and family, of Stockbridge, Emory Runciman and wife, of Waterloo, Ed. Cooper and wife, of Lyndon, and James Richards and wife, of Grass Lake, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. Runciman, the occasion being Mr. Runciman's birthday.

Edward L. Easton, all of his life a resident of this county, died at his home in Ann Arbor Tuesday evening, October 15, 1912, aged 60 years. Mr. Easton was born in Lima and was a resident there until five years ago when he moved to Ann Arbor. He is survived by his wife, two daughters and one son.

Lee Foster and his business partner have opened another drug store on Woodward avenue in Detroit. The new store is located about three blocks north of their store at Highland Park. August Lambrecht, who has been in the employment of L. T. Freeman Co. for a number of years, has accepted a position with Mr. Foster and left Sunday for his new position.

The Progressives have arranged for an automobile tour of the county, starting from Chelsea, Monday, October 21st, at 10 a. m., and headed by Herbert F. Baker, present speaker of the house and candidate for auditor general. H. S. Probert their candidate for Congress and E. B. Manwaring candidate for legislature for this district, will also speak. Meetings will be held at Manchester, Saline, Ypsilanti and Ann Arbor during the trip. The Progressives certainly consider Chelsea a live political wire as evidenced by their starting their big guns from here.

F. L. Davidson is at work putting down the cement floors in the Palmer garage.

H. D. Witherell is having a new roof placed on his residence on Garfield street.

Mrs. James Beasley has had a new roof placed on her residence on Congdon street.

Paul G. Schaible received a fine lot of lambs last Friday that he will feed for the market.

Judge Kinne on Tuesday admitted Ross H. Baumunk of Detroit to the Washtenaw county bar.

The Ladies Aid Society of St. Paul's church will serve a supper in the town hall on Saturday, October 26.

Mrs. B. B. Hinshaw, of Petaluma, California, and Mrs. Mary H. Colby, of East Calais, Vermont, were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Dorr Rogers last week.

A contract has been let to Grass Lake parties to build a new residence on the Foster farm in Sylvan to replace the one that was recently burned.

The 26th annual meeting of the Washtenaw County Sunday School Association will be held in the Saline M. E. church on Thursday and Friday, November 7 and 8.

Lee Chandler of Charlotte has purchased the right and business of Prof. Hopkins of Hillsdale in his Indian Blood remedy and will conduct the business from his Charlotte home.

Major R. H. Hendershot, the drummer boy of the Rappahannock, and his son will give their unique and popular entertainment at the M. E. church in this place Wednesday evening, October 30.

James Beckwith of Sylvan Center is confined to his home by illness. Mr. Beckwith is a pioneer resident of this part of the county and for many years conducted a blacksmith business at Sylvan Center.

The Washtenaw County Equal Suffrage Association will hold an equal suffrage meeting at the North Lake Grange hall on Monday evening, October 21. Mr. Downing, of Romulus, and other good speakers will be present.

G. F. Koch has sold his house and lot on Lincoln street to Joseph Seckenger, sr., of Manchester. The sale was made through the agency of R. B. Waltrous. The residence at present is occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Albert Eisele.

Monday afternoon and evening Rev. Father Considine entertained at St. Mary's Rectory an auto party from Hudson, consisting of Rev. J. F. Hallissey and Messrs William McNulty, Walter Eddy, Dennis Dunigan and George Gahagan.

At the annual meeting of the Grand Chapter, O. E. S., which was held in Grand Rapids last week, Mrs. J. Bacon of this place was chosen as Grand Chaplain of the order. Mrs. Bacon is Worthy Matron of Olive Chapter, No. 108, O. E. S. of this place.

The crowd of gypsies that were here last Friday camped for the night near the farm of John Grau in Lima. They turned their horse in the cornfield of Mr. Grau and he had considerable trouble in making them pay for the damage that the animal had done to his crop.

Mrs. E. Keyes recently presented E. J. Whipple with the grand apron which was worn by the grandfather of her late husband, and which is considerably more than one hundred years old. The apron is a relic of much interest to Masons, and the gift is much appreciated by Mr. Whipple, who is an enthusiastic Mason.

During the electric storm Friday night lightning entered the Chelsea waiting room of the D. J. & C. and the electric lights were put out of commission. The switch lights on the same circuit were burned out. The waiting room was filled with passengers and as all of the cars were late they had a long wait in the darkness.

Rev. F. X. Straubinger, of St. Louis, the noted Redemptorist Missionary who preached a very successful mission 7 years ago in the Church of Our Lady of the Sacred Heart, and started the subscription for St. Mary's School, was a welcome guest at St. Mary's Rectory, Monday, accompanied by his associates, Rev. Fathers Dunne, of Detroit, and Merter, of St. Louis. These Reverend Fathers are giving a mission this week in St. Mary's church. Cullinane gave them an auto ride to Chelsea, where with Rev. Father Hallissey of Hudson, dinner was served at St. Mary's Rectory, a visit paid to the school, and a most delightful time enjoyed.

What Fall Trading Means for You AT THE W. P. Schenk & Company's Store

IT MEANS an unrivalled stock to select from.

IT MEANS goods of unquestioned value—having the three elements that constitute value—Style, Quality, Durability.

IT MEANS courteous treatment and a sincere effort to please and serve you.

IT MEANS that the best productions of domestic and foreign manufacturers have been selected and placed on display here for your convenient selection.

IT MEANS that the ambition of this store to be a better store, all the time, is being realized, and that this Fall season is another demonstration of our successful operation of a store that pleases the majority of the people in this community.



We Are Showing New Fall Merchandise In Every Department

And we would like to have your inspection and criticism.

Ladies' Coats and Suits

Style is an all important element in the value of Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments. Of course it must be backed up by good material and good tailoring. All these features of garment value are represented in our garment line, whether it's a Coat, Suit, Dress, Waist or Skirt you want, we believe you can be suited here.

Ladies' Skirts

Skirts that hang right, wear right, style right, made from the most popular skirt materials on the market. All Wool Skirts as low as \$2.50 and up to \$10.00.

Ladies' Coats

We have carefully selected the latest accepted styles for Fall and can safely say there never was an assortment of Ladies' Coats shown in Chelsea that would compare with our present display. We have them full length and three quarter length. Chinchilla Coats in Gray, Navy, Tan and Brown, and Coats made from double faced materials in all colors. Camels Hair Cloaking Coats, Zibeline Cloaking Coats, Boucle Cloaking Coats in the light shades of Gray, Tan and Blue. If you want a high class Novelty Coat make your selection now and the Coat you select will not be duplicated. Plush Coats made from the best Saltz Plush, Skinner Satin lined throughout, either plain or trimmed collars and cuffs, \$18.00 to \$25.00. Russian Pony Coats \$35.00 and up to \$50.00.



Ladies' Fall Suits

If it is a Suit you want you can't make a mistake in coming here. The Suits will talk for themselves and the prices are really less than you would expect them to be. We have a special at \$18. Ask to see the Suits at this price.

Ladies' Waists

You may need a Party Waist, a Business Waist or just something for around the house. Come here for what you want at a price you will be pleased to pay. All Silk Waists at \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.75, \$4.50 and \$5.00. An elegant showing of Flannelette and all wool Flannel Waists for business and street wear at 89c, \$1.00, \$1.25 and \$1.50.

Sweater Coats

These garments are growing more popular every season, and our showing just at this time is simply grand. Sweater Coats made from the best of yarns, Shaker knit, either turnover or shawl collars, made for comfort and hard wear, Ladies and Men's sizes, all colors.

Priced at \$3.00, \$3.50, \$5.00 and \$6.00

Men's good warm Sweater Coats as low as \$1.00.

Girls' and Boys' Sweater Coats, priced at from 50 cents to \$2.00.

An assortment of Infants' Sweater Jackets and full suits—Touque, Jacket and Pants—that will surprise you and our low prices will sell a lot of them.



Fall and Winter Shoes

If you want heavy street Shoes or Dress Shoes, warm lined Shoes or warm House Slippers, you will find in our Fall Shoe Stock every thing necessary for the whole family. Now in stock—Ladies' Walk Over Shoes and Men's Walk Over Shoes, the leaders of fashion and the greatest shoe value on the market at \$4.00 and \$4.50.

W. P. Schenk & Company

SERIAL STORY

EXCUSE ME!

Novelized from the Comedy of the Same Name

By Rupert Hughes

ILLUSTRATED From Photographs of the Play as Produced by Henry W. Savage

Copyright, 1911, by H. K. F. Co.

SYNOPSIS.

Lieut. Harry Mallory is ordered to the Philippines. He and Marjorie Newton decide to elope, but wreck of taxicab prevents their seeing minister on the way to the train. Transcontinental train is taking on passengers. Porter has a lively time with an Englishman and Ira Lathrop, a Yankee business man. The elopers have an exciting time getting to the train. "Little Jimmie" Wellington, bound for Reno to get a divorce, boards train in maudlin condition. Later Mrs. Jimmie appears. She is also bound for Reno with same object. Following Mrs. Sammy Whitcomb. Latter blames Mrs. Jimmie for her marital troubles. Classmates of Marjorie decorate bridal berth. Rev. and Mrs. Temple start on a vacation. They decide to cut loose and Temple removes evidence of his calling. Marjorie decides to let Mallory proceed alone, but train starts while they are lost in farewell. Passengers join Mallory's classmates in giving couple wedding hints. Marjorie is distracted. Ira Lathrop, woman-hating bachelor, discovers an old sweetheart, Annie Gattie, a fellow passenger. Marjorie vainly hunts for a preacher among the passengers. Mrs. Wellington hears Little Jimmie's voice. Later she meets Mrs. Whitcomb. Marjorie reports to Marjorie his failure to find a preacher. They decide to pretend a quarrel and Marjorie finds a vacant berth in Mrs. Jimmie's car. Mrs. Temple is induced by Mrs. Wellington to smoke a cigar. Sight of preacher on a station platform raises Mallory's hopes, but he takes another train. Missing hand baggage compels the couple to borrow from passengers. Jimmie sees a circle in his eye and Mrs. Jimmie gives first aid. Coolness is then resumed. Still no clergyman. More borrowing. Dr. Temple, induced by behavior of different couples, Marjorie's jealousy aroused by Mallory's baseball jargon, Marjorie suggests wrecking the train in hopes that accident will produce a preacher. Also tries to induce the conductor to hold the train for a moment. Marjorie's dog is missing. She pulls the cord, stopping the train. Conductor restores dog and lovers quarrel. Lathrop pres for a preacher to marry him and Miss Gattie. Mallory tells Lathrop of his predicament and arranges to borrow the preacher. Kitty Lewellyn, former sweetheart of Mallory's, appears and arouses Marjorie's jealousy.

CHAPTER XXX.

A Wedding on Wheels.

The commotion of the matrimony-mad women brought the men trooping in from the smoking room and there was much circumstance of decorating the scene with white satin ribbons, a trifle crumpled and dim of luster. Mrs. Whitcomb waved them at Mallory with a laugh. "Recognize these?" He nodded dismally. His own funeral baked meats were coldly furnishing forth a wedding breakfast for Ira Lathrop. Mrs. Wellington was moving about distributing kazooks and Mrs. Temple had an armload of old shoes, some of which had thumped Mallory on an occasion which seemed so ancient as to be almost prehistoric. Fosdick was bowling to the porter to get some rice, quick. "How many portions does you approximate?" "All you've got." "Bolted or tried?" "Any old way." The porter ran forward to the dining-car for the ammunition. Mrs. Temple whispered to her husband: "Too bad you're not officiating, Walter." But he cautioned silence: "Hush! I'm on my vacation."

The train was already coming into Ogden. Noises were multiplying and from the increase of passing objects, the speed seemed to be taking on a spurt. The bell was clamoring like a wedding chime in a steeple. Mrs. Wellington was on a chair fastening a ribbon round one of the lamps, and Mrs. Whitcomb was on another chair braiding the bell rope with withered orange branches, when Ashton, with kazoo all ready, called out: "What tune shall we play?" "I prefer the Mendelssohn Wedding March," said Mrs. Whitcomb, but Mrs. Wellington glared across at her. "I've always used the Lohehgrin." "We'll play 'em both," said Dr. Temple, to make peace.

Mrs. Fosdick murmured to her spouse: "The old Justice of the Peace didn't give us any music at all," and received in reward one of his most luscious-eyed looks, and a whisper: "But he gave us each other." "Now and then," she pouted. "But where are the bride and groom?" "Here they come—all ready," cried Ashton, and he beat time while some of the guests kazooed at Mendelssohn's and some Wagner's bridal melodies, and others just made a noise.

Ira Lathrop and Annie Gattie, looking very sheepish, crowded through the narrow corridor and stood shamefacedly blushing like two school children about to sing a duet. The train jolted to a dead stop. The conductor called into the car: "Ogden! All out for Ogden!" and everybody stood watching and waiting. Ira, seeing Mallory, edged off and whispered: "Stand by to catch the minister on the rebound."

But Mallory turned away. What use had he now for ministers? His plans were shattered ruins. The porter came flying in with two large bowls of rice, and shouting: "Here comes the 'possum—er—posson." Seeing Marjorie, he said: "Shall I perambulate Mista Snoozle-ums?" She handed the porter her only friend and he hurried out, as a lean and professionally sad ascetic hurried in. He did not recognize his boyish enemy in the gray-haired, red-faced giant that greeted him, but he knew that voice and its gloating irony. "Hello, Charlie."

He had always found that when Ira grinned and was cordial, some trouble was in store for him. He wondered what rock Ira held behind his back now, but he forced an uneasy cordiality: "And is this you, Ira? Well, well! It is yeas since last we met. And you're just getting married. Is this the first time, Ira?" "First offense, Charlie."

The levity shocked Selby, but a greater shock was in store, for when he inquired: "And who is the—er—happy—bride?" the triumphant Lathrop snickered: "I believe you used to know her. Anne Gattie."

tested, "Just because of a little affair I had before I met you?" Marjorie answered with world-old wisdom: "A woman can forgive a man anything except what he did before he met her."

He stared at her with masculine dismay at feminine logic: "If you can't forgive me, then why do you marry me?" "For revenge!" she cried. "You brought me on this train all this distance to introduce me to a girl you used to spoon with. And I don't like her. She's awful!"

"Yes, she is awful," Mallory assented. "I don't know how I ever—"

"Oh, you admit it!" "No."

"Well, I'm going to marry you—now—this minute—with that preacher, then I'm going to get off at Reno and divorce you."

"Divorce me? Good Lord! On what grounds?" "On the grounds of Miss Kitty—Kitty—Llewellyn—or whatever her name is."

Mallory was groggy with punishment, and the vain effort to foresee her next blow. "But you can't name a woman that way," he pleaded, "for just being nice to me before I ever met you."

"That's the worst kind of unfaithfulness," she reiterated. "You should have known that some day you would meet me. You should have saved your first love for me."

"But last love is best," Mallory interposed, weakly. "Oh, no, it isn't, and if it is, how do I know I'm to be your last love? No, sir, when I've divorced you, you can go back to your first love and go round the world with her till you get dizzy."

"But I don't want her for a wife," Mallory urged, "I want you." "You'll get me—but not for long. And one other thing, I want you to get that bracelet away from that creature. Do you promise?"

"How can I get it away?" "Take it away! Do you promise?" Mallory surrendered completely. Anything to get Marjorie safely into his arms: "I promise anything, if you'll really marry me."

"Oh, I'll marry you, sir, but not really." And while he stared in helpless awe at the cynic and termagant that jealousy had metamorphosed this timid, clinging creature into, they heard the conductor's voice at the rear door of the car: "Hurry up—we've got to start."

They heard Lathrop's protest: "Hold on there, conductor," and Selby's plea: "Oh, I say, my good man, wait a moment, can't you?" The conductor answered with the gruffness of a despot: "Not a minute. I've my orders to make up lost time. All aboard!"

While the minister was tying the last loose ends of the matrimonial knot, Mallory and Marjorie were struggling through the crowd to get at him. Just as they were near, they were swept aside by the rush of the bride and groom, for the parson's "I pronounce you man and wife," pronounced as he backed toward the door, was the signal for another wedding riot.

Once more Ira and Anne were showered with rice. This time it was their own. Ira darted out into the corridor, haling his brand-new wife by the wrist, and the wedding guests pursued them across the vestibule, through the next car, and on and on. Nobody remained to notice what happened to the parson. Having performed his function, he was without further interest or use. But to Mallory and Marjorie he was vitally necessary.

CHAPTER XXXI. Foiled Yet Again. Mallory had fled from the scene at the first hum of the minister's words. His fate was like alkali on his palate. For twelve hundred miles he had ransacked the world for a minister. When one dropped on the train like manna through the roof, even this miracle had to be checkmated by a perverse miracle that sent to the train an early intimation, a silly affair that he himself called puppy-love. And now Marjorie would never marry him. He did not blame her. He blamed fate.

He was in solitude in the smoking room. The place reeked with drifting tobacco smoke and the malodor of cigar stubs and cigarette ends. His plans were as useless and odious as cigarette ends. He dropped into a chair, his elbows on his knees and his head in his hands—Napoleon on St. Helena.

And then, suddenly he heard Marjorie's voice. He turned and saw her hesitating in the doorway. He rose to welcome her, but she smiled died on his lips at her chilly speech: "May I have a word with you, sir?" "Of course. The air's rather thick in here," he apologized.

"Just wait!" she said, ominously, and stalked in like a young Zenobia. He put out an appealing hand: "Now, Marjorie, listen to reason—Of course I know you won't marry me now." "Oh, you know that, do you?" she said, with a squared jaw.

"But, really, you ought to marry me—not merely because I love you—and you're the only girl I ever—"

He stopped short and she almost smiled as she taunted him: "Go on—I dare you to say it."

He swallowed hard and waived the point: "Well, anyway, you ought to marry me—for your own sake."

Then she took his breath away by answering: "Oh, I'm going to marry you, never fear."

"You are," he cried, with a rush of returning hope. "Oh, I knew you loved me."

She pushed his encircling arms aside: "I don't love you, and that's why I'm going to marry you."

"But I don't understand."

"Of course not," she sneered, as if she were a thousand years old, "you're only a man—and a very young man. You've ceased to love me, he pro-

CHAPTER XXXII. No More Fox Hunts for Him. Arthur B. Sult, sheriff of Prince Georges county, Md., says he never again will indulge in a fox chase. He always was fond of the sport, but on the occasion of his last chase he had such an unpleasant and exciting experience that he concluded to go after smaller game in the future.

"We had been out but a short while," he related to friends, "before we were on a trail, but it took us some time to dig the fox from his hole. A skunk was the fox's companion and both came out together."

Both animals were killed and taken to Forestville. "With our party was a dare-devil sort of a fellow," the sheriff said, "and he rode his horse through the village store, the skunk hanging to the animal's side."

"The store was quickly deserted," he added, "and I resolved to participate in no more such hunts."

TO CELEBRATE MIGHTY STRUGGLE



UNFINISHED MEMORIAL

By E. W. PICKARD.

THE people of the German empire, more especially the people of Saxony, and yet more especially the people of the city of Leipzig, are making elaborate preparations for the celebration, next year, of the centenary of the Battle of Leipzig, the mighty struggle which settled the fate of continental Europe. It has been called the Battle of the Nations because of the large number of nationalities that took part in it.

So momentous were the results of that conflict, which actually was the turning point in Napoleon's career, that it has been considered worthy of a monument, now under construction, which will be the largest battle monument in the world. When this memorial is dedicated, in October, 1913, the participants will include the emperor of Germany, the rulers of a score of European states which were saved from the conquering Corsican by the battle, and great throngs of people from all quarters of the earth.

Many persons believe that Bonaparte's downfall dates from his disastrous invasion of Russia, but the truth is that that expedition, but the five-day battle in the outskirts of Leipzig broke the backbone of his power. Again, superficial students of history have asserted that the defeat of the French army at Leipzig was evidence of the waning of the emperor's mentality and tactical skill. They are wrong, in the opinion of modern leaders in the art of warfare. The latter pronounce the Leipzig campaign the best planned of all the campaigns of the Napoleonic wars, and declare that the overthrow of the French army was due to Napoleon's supreme confidence in his ability to whip the Allies.

Hated Napoleon. After the battle of Jena, in 1806, Napoleon was heard to say that Leipzig was the most dangerous of his enemies, but not for a minute did he ever think that it would prove so fatal to his ambitions. The conqueror of Marengo, Austerlitz, Friedland, Ratisbon, Wagram, Lutzen, Bautzen and Dresden made no preparations for retreat.

The people of Leipzig hated Napoleon and his soldiers, and not without reason. The citizens had formed a "Corps of Vengeance," sworn to fight the emperor to the death, but when, after Lutzen, he took possession of Leipzig he only sneered at the corps, and when the deputies of the city presented its submission to him he contemptuously told them to "get out," as he would have spoken to an importunate beggar. The city was declared in a state of siege so that it might the more conveniently be plundered and vast sums were taken from the people, the hospitals alone costing more than \$20,000 a week. The soldiers pillaged at will and whatever they could not use they wilfully destroyed.

Meanwhile the armies of the Allies, led by Prince Schwartzenburg and Barclay de Tolly, were concentrating on Leipzig. Russians, Austrians, Prussians and Swedes, determined to strike a death blow at the man who had ground them under his heel for years, were animated with something in the nature of a fanatical patriotism. Napoleon withdrew from Dresden before their advance and on October 14 arrived at Leipzig and established head-

quarters in the suburbs, several miles from the point where the conflict already had begun. About four miles southeast of the city was posted his main force of 130,000, in a semi-circle between the villages of Markkleeberg and Holzhausen. Bertrand, with 10,000 men, guarded the road to the west, and Marmont was posted at Mockern, to the north, to defend the junction of the armies of Silesia and the North with the main body of the Allies, advancing from Bohemia. The total strength of the allied troops under Schwartzenburg was about 200,000.

The real battle began on October 16 and the day of fighting was bloody but indecisive. Once Napoleon, directing the battle from a hill at Wachau, saw his cavalry advance furiously to the very foot of a hill, where the Emperor Alexander of Russia and Frederick William III. of Prussia were watching the conflict; but the Cossacks drove them back. The Russians charged six times on Wachau, but in vain. Four times the Prussians captured Markkleeberg, and each time it was retaken by Prince Roniatowski and his Poles. Meanwhile Marshall Ney had detached one-third of Marmont's troops to aid Napoleon, and then on hearing of the approach of Blucher, ordered them back to the north; so these 10,000 men were useless all that day. Blucher attacked Marmont, desperately and compelled him to retreat.

In Desperate Dash. That night the bells of Leipzig rang all night, by order of Napoleon, who told the king of Saxony their victory was won. There was little fighting the next day, which was Sunday, but on Monday the Allies were increased to about 280,000 men by the arrival of Bennigsen with 40,000 Russians, Bernadotte with the army of the North and Coloredo with two divisions of Austrians, and the battle was renewed. Napoleon drew his lines closer to the city and for hour after hour the murderous conflict raged in the suburban villages. The French were steadily driven back, and at one critical moment in the fighting at Paunsdorf Regnier's corps, composed of Saxons, went over to the enemy. The battle was now lost to Napoleon and the French army began its retreat through the narrow streets of the city, hard pressed by the Allies. The one bridge over the Elster having been blown up, many hundreds of them were drowned in trying to swim the river. Among these was the gallant Poniatowski, who, twice wounded, made a desperate dash to escape his pursuers. All night the flight of the French continued, and until noon the next day, when the Allies stormed and occupied the city. Napoleon continued his retreat toward France, and displayed his marvelous skill in the way in which he conducted his defeated army through Germany. This Battle of the Nations cost the Allies, in dead and wounded, about 53,000 men. Napoleon lost 15,000 in dead, 15,000 wounded, 25,000 prisoners and nearly as many left in the hospitals and straggling about the city and its environs. The Germans who assemble in Leipzig will see no traces of the slaughter and wretchedness of a hundred years ago. They will rejoice only in the great victory that ended the Prussian War of Liberation and effectually shattered the power of the Emperor Napoleon.

VARIOUS SAUCES FOR FISH

Different Mixtures Are Required for the Different Species That May Be Served.

A hostess home from Spain brought with her a fish sauce which is popular with the Spaniards. Its foundation is a thick French dressing made of one tablespoon of vinegar to eight of oil. It is seasoned with a half teaspoonful of salt, a half teaspoonful of mustard and paprika enough to color.

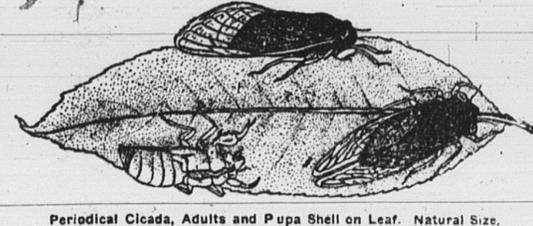
Into this dressing is mixed the finely chopped whites and yolks—each separately—of three hard-boiled eggs, a dozen chopped olives and half a dozen chopped sweet red peppers. Mayonnaise served in a small silver or china sauce boat is often passed with fried smelts, halibut, scallops and sals. This may have half dozen sweet pickles chopped in it or a tablespoonful of capers.

Some hostesses serve extra drawn butter in a separate sauce boat, with broiled mackerel or bluefish. This should be highly seasoned with pepper and may be colored with paprika, or should be nicely browned. A nice sauce for shell fish is made by using the broth that comes from steaming, or a little of the clam broth that is jarred. Fry six small onions in butter, but do not color a deep brown, thicken with a tablespoonful of flour; then reduce to a creamy gray, with the broth. Season well with cayenne and a little salt. Just before serving stir in the yolk of an egg, a sherry glass of white wine, the same amount of cream and some chopped chives or capers.

Excellent Dish May Be Made From Fowl if Necessary Time and Care Is Given. A young, tender guinea fowl is not to be despised. When well selected and cooked, it is not very unlike a partridge. A young fowl can be told by pressing the breast bone at the tip; if it is pliant, the wings very tender, the legs smooth, free from feathers and a pale yellow color, buy it. A young fowl will require about one hour and fifteen minutes for braising—older ones double the time. Dress and truss as chicken. Melt a tablespoonful of butter in the pan; when hot, lay in the guinea, and turn on all sides until lightly browned; add a sliced carrot, small onion, bits of celery, a cup of tomato juice or stock; cover closely and cook very slowly and gently until tender. Salt lightly after it has cooked an hour. A casserole is better than a covered roaster for braising—older ones double the time. Dress and truss as chicken. 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PERIODICAL CICADA OR SEVENTEEN-YEAR LOCUST IN STATE OF CONNECTICUT IN 1911

Fupae Produce No Appreciable Damage to Tree Except Splintering of Twigs Caused by Females. In Laying Their Eggs—Peach Trees Suffer Most.



Periodical Cicada, Adults and Pupa Shell on Leaf. Natural Size.

By W. E. BRITTON, Ph. D., Connecticut Agricultural Experiment Station. Brood No. II, of the periodical cicada or 17-year locust, Tibicen septendecim Linn., was scheduled to appear in the central portion of Connecticut in 1911, so we were on the watch for it. The station collection contains examples of this brood collected in Branford in 1894, by Dr. W. C. Sturges, then botanist of this station. But in 1894 no attempt was made to obtain records or to study the distribution of the insect in the state. In 1903, Brood XI, was expected, and though we made many observations and inquiries, we did not obtain a single record.

Consequently, 1911 seemed to afford an excellent opportunity to collect data, and in addition to the observations made by the office force, much information was gathered from other sources.

Though the pupae come out of the ground and crawl upon the trunks, branches and foliage of trees and shrubs, and the adults emerge, leaving the old shells hanging there, they produce no appreciable injury to the trees except the splintering of the twigs caused by the females in laying their eggs. Several correspondents wrote to this office that the cicadas were eating up their trees, but as the adults are sucking insects, they could at most only suck out a little of the sap, and could not devour any of the tissues. In laying eggs, however, by means of the sharp, tough and horny parts of the ovipositor, the female is able to puncture the hard wood and lay eggs in it. The ovipositor consists of three spear-shaped pieces or blades, the lateral ones having serrated edges for cutting. These pieces slide lengthwise upon each other, and are effective in mutilating the twigs.

The eggs are laid in longitudinal rows of punctures along the under side of the twigs of the previous season's growth, having a diameter of between one-fourth and one-half inch. Where there are many punctures in a twig it is often so weakened that it breaks in the wind, and though sometimes falling to the ground, it usually hangs, and the leaves dry and turn brown. There is damage to the trees, no doubt, from the effects of great numbers of the larvae sucking at the roots, but this injury is difficult to observe or estimate, and probably is usually attributed to other causes.

The greatest damage noticed by the writer was where peach trees had been used for egg-laying. The weight of the fruit caused the twigs to break and hang down, and the fruit as well as the leaves withered. In portions of the orchards mentioned nearly all the fruit was destroyed. Some twigs had five or six peaches each, and broke very readily from their own weight. Nearly all hung, however,

until the wood became dry and brittle before separating entirely from the tree. In addition to the loss of the crop for the season, about a season's wood growth was destroyed, leaving little or no chance for the formation of fruit buds for the following year. On apple and other fruit trees the results were similar, though apparently much less serious than with peach trees.

On rapidly growing trees the scars soon heal, but on trees making a slow growth they do not heal for several years. Ordinarily, however, there is little or no permanent injury to the tree, and soon after the insects disappear the orchardist thinks little about them. The accounts of serious injury which one reads in newspapers are generally based upon the imagination or upon other causes, and are not the verdict of men who have given careful study to the subject.

Some six or seven weeks after the eggs are laid in the twigs, the young cicadas hatch from them, drop to the ground, and work their way into it, going 12 to 18 inches beneath the surface. Here they live a subterranean life for 17 years, where it is difficult to follow their movements and development. Yet this has been done in three or four cases by the bureau of entomology, and it was found that the larvae molted four times, the fourth molt usually occurring about the tenth year. They burrow chiefly with their forelegs, stick the juices from the small tree roots from one-eighth to three-sixteenths of an inch in diameter, and upon such food they subsist for the full period of 17 years, when the pupae crawl out of the ground, leaving round exit holes about three-eighths of an inch in diameter.

No parasites were reared from cicada eggs in Connecticut in 1911, though four species of dipterous (two-winged flies) larvae are known to feed upon them in the United States. Four species of hymenopterous (four-winged flies) insects are known to parasitize the eggs, though only one of these, Lathromeris cicadae How., is at all abundant. This has been found sufficiently abundant in some parts of the country to considerably check the periodical cicada. Several species of mites are also known to feed upon cicada eggs.

This insect has predaceous enemies, one of the most important of which is the large digger wasp or cicada killer, Sphecius speciosus Linn., which stings the adult cicada and carries it away to its underground nest to serve as food for the young wasps. The sting paralyzes but does not kill the cicada, and the wasp lays an egg on the body of the cicada, upon which the young wasp larva feeds. No doubt predaceous ground beetles devour some of the newly hatched young, as well as the emerging pupae.

It is probably true that birds devour large numbers of cicadas.

HAIR NEEDS ATTENTION

CAN NOT BE NEGLECTED AND MAKE GOOD APPEARANCE.

Must Be Cleaned Frequently and With Care—Sunning Almost a Necessity in Drying—Best to Avoid Use of Oil.

Common sense methods are always advisable in caring for one's appearance, but this is especially true in caring for the hair. It is quite impossible to neglect the proper shampooing, sunning and brushing and expect the hair to just take care of itself and keep glossy and thick. Neither is it possible to use strong preparations when washing the hair and not destroy the texture of the hair and make it look dead and dead.

A little daily care brings good results when applied to the complexion and the hands, and is quite as necessary if one would preserve the color and quality of the hair. A few rules can be given, and these must always be modified to suit individual cases. The hair should be cleaned frequently, and should be kept clean and clean. No arbitrary rule can be laid down for this, because conditions and locations differ so greatly that no one rule will apply to all cases. It is much better to use a mild shampoo preparation and suds the hair thoroughly two or three times, rinsing carefully each time, than to use a strong preparation for the sake of hurrying the work and making one sudsing answer. The latter method leaves the hair dry and brittle, causes it to split at the ends and become dull and dead looking; the former method brings the hair out glossy, fresh and greatly improved from its cleansing.

In drying the hair a good sunning is almost necessary, and the hair should be shaken out and separated with the fingers so the sun and air will reach every part of the hair and scalp. Gentle rubbing of the scalp will help make it active, and when the hair is about dry, brisk brushing with a good bristle brush, passing the brush through the entire length of one lock at a time, will keep the electricity in the hair and make it fluffy. The bristles should not be too near together in the brush, else they are likely to drag the hair and loosen it from the roots. Neither should the brushing be too vigorous, as one should be very careful to avoid irritating the scalp in any way.

Oil should not be applied to the scalp unless for the specific purpose of removing encrusted dandruff, or for some similar object. Then the oil can be used, rubbing as much into the scalp as can be absorbed, and leaving it on at least twelve hours, when it should be shampooed out very thoroughly. The best tonic is one that does not contain either oil or glycerin, since neither of these is suitable for continued use on the scalp. Oil clogs the pores and prevents the very results a tonic is supposed to accomplish; glycerin weakens the tissues if used too constantly.

The hair should not be coiled on the head nor tightly braided at night. It is an excellent plan to loosen the hair for a few minutes two or three times a week, allowing the sun to penetrate through every part of it. These directions will answer for all ordinary cases. The frequency of the shampoo must be decided by the individual needs. In some cases once a week is none too often—in others once a month may answer. If a dry shampoo seems desirable, be sure and avoid a mixture containing orris root, as it is an active irritant to the scalp and a frequent cause for dandruff.

Answers to Queries. Greenie: Nothing in the way of a coloring preparation will accomplish your desires. You could only succeed in making your hair a golden shade by bleaching it, and it is quite likely that the shade would not approach a natural golden color at all, but would be a sort of metallic yellow which would be both unbecoming and artificial looking. My advice would be to take the best possible care of your hair, using a good tonic and reliable shampoo mixture and not attempt to reget it if you do make such an attempt and you cannot then undo the mistake.

M. E.: The best method for filling up the hollows and restoring the rounded contour of the cheeks is to use a good nourishing cream and gentle massage, and especially to be regular about this simple treatment. The cream should be one that is easily absorbed and not too light in quality; a nourishing cream is rather a heavy one. Use cold water freely and avoid too much hot water and soap scrubbing.

Country Reader: You can make oatmeal soap as follows: Shave up enough pure white soap to make a cupful; put this in a granite dish and pour over it one cupful of boiling water; let it stand till the soap is melted; then add one ounce lemon juice and enough finely ground oatmeal to make a smooth paste; roll into small balls to harden, or put into any small receptacles that will make a smooth cake, and set away till hard.

Mrs. R. N. G.: Claret shampoo is composed of the whites or yolks of three eggs to one pint of claret. The mixture should be slightly beaten to break up the eggs and then be used as you would an ordinary shampoo mixture. This is said to keep black hair lustrous, but I cannot vouch for it from personal knowledge. (Copyright, 1912, by Universal Press Syndicate.)

Social Forms and Entertainments



Note.

Madame Merri has received a letter from one of our readers, in which she states that she sent a self-addressed stamped envelope in care of the paper for a personal reply to her request and complains that she has received no reply, also requests that the contents of her letter be not published. We want to say here very clearly that all letters received by Madame Merri are answered as soon as possible, privately, when so desired, if accompanied by postage, and such communications are not put in this department. Letters are occasionally lost and such must have been the case in this instance, as the mislaid in question never reached the editor of this department.

Reply to "Red Rose." Glad you enjoy the department. White buckskin shoes are in good style, also plush coats and blazers. You write very well for your age.

Reply to Mrs. C. S. Questions concerning needle work do not belong in my department. Sorry I cannot give you minute directions as you requested.

Reply to "Little Orphan Blonde." I am in receipt of two letters with the above signature. As the purport of the two is much the same, this reply will cover both. A child of twelve by all means too young to "have a beau" and she should not kiss boys when they ask her to do so. I do wish I could make this fact plain. If mothers and grandparents left in charge of young girls could only realize their responsibility in these things how many heartbreaks would be saved! You ask, if forced to kiss boys, if you should tell those who are supposed to be in authority over you? Most emphatically "yes," and I can't see what "they" are thinking of to let you go to picture shows at night alone with a boy and not get in till midnight. You are too young to go to dances and should be in bed every night by nine at the very latest. I am sorry your brothers and sisters, aunts and uncles, to say nothing of grandparents, cannot look after you and advise you, so come to me and I will tell you all I can in the limited space allowed for "Questions and Answers."

Reply to "Naughty." I have read your columns with interest and have found them very useful. I wish to entertain with a "tacky party" real soon and would like you to suggest some games, prizes and also refreshments. I wish to have it as "tacky" as possible. Do you think I should mail each one an invitation or just call them by phone?

Do you think I am too young to go with a young man? He is twenty-three and I am eighteen. How should a girl of my age wear her hair? Thank you very much for your advice—"Naughty."

In this case I should say give your invitations over the phone, so you can explain in detail what you are planning to have. Or you can write the invitations on brown wrapping paper, seal with red wax and deliver by messenger or by mail. You may have card games or guessing contests which I prize picked up at the "live-and-let-live" store. I would serve potato salad, pickles, grilled sausage, coffee or cider, peanuts, molasses candy, all set out in broken china and tinware. Use candles and lamps and all dress in "tacky" costumes. You are not too young to go with a man of the age mentioned. Wear your hair in coronet braids with or without bow.

Concerning a Wedding. I am to be an October bride and am in doubt as to the sending of the invitations. I wish to know if I should send invitations for the church to the members of the congregation of the church to which I belong, and other friends, as I wish to have a reception at my home for only my relatives and nearest friends. Kindly suggest a suitable menu for a luncheon of about 25 or 30 guests. An early publication will be appreciated by—An October Bride.

I think I should ask every one to the church and reserve the invitations to the reception for just those you really want. This may easily be done by enclosing a reception card or asking verbally those whom you wish to come afterward. You do not state the hour at which you wish to serve, but I know I am perfectly safe in suggesting chicken salad, sandwiches or hot buttered rolls, olives, salted nuts, coffee, ice cream, cake and bonbons. Have a bowl of punch or frappe conveniently placed where all may help themselves, or have some one in charge of it. MADAME MERRI.

SCHOOL FIFTY YEARS AGO

Reminiscent Writer Tells of the Fashionable Girls' Academy of a Period of the Past.

The fashionable girls' school of fifty years ago was a most interesting place apparently. "Looking backward to those busy, shining hours," writes Julia C. R. Dorr, in Harper's Bazar, "my first thought is, how we all studied! How eager we were! What keen delight we took in construing an intricate sentence or in solving a hard problem!" There were about fifty scholars, or possibly seventy-five; and among them was a group of eight or ten bright young fellows who were fitting for college; preparing to enter as sophomores the coming autumn. What an ambitious lot we were, to be sure! I was the only girl in the "advanced Latin," and had the honor of a seat on one end of a long, narrow recitation bench, a little withdrawn, as was proper, from those stars of the first magnitude.

The problem of coeducation had not come up then. If a girl wanted to study with her brother and his friends, she did it—and that was all there was of it. How we sought for the derivation of words. How we reveled in the classical dictionary, brought by one of us and thrown into the common stock, passing from hand to hand, from desk to desk! The first word of greeting in the morning was a question about the coming lesson; the latest word at night was a reminder of the last one.

How many teachers did we have? Just one. I doubt very much if he was a marvel of learning, though I thought he was then. He was just out of college himself, and he had had no wide experience of books or men. But he had the rare gift of being able to stimulate and inspire his scholars, and kindle every latent spark of enthusiasm in their nature. Enthusiasm is a better word than ambition in this connection. Study was joyful labor, done for the pure love of it. It was its own end; not simply a means to some other end.

The village academy of that day taught concentration if it taught nothing else. Study and recitation went on in the same room and at the same time. We had but few iron-clad rules. Whispering inordinately was, of course, not allowable, but if there was real occasion for speaking we spoke, and no one was the worse for it. We had never heard the expression "good form." It was not in vogue then. But if it had been, we would have said with one voice that it was not good form to disturb others.

"Horny-Headed Romanay." How a prominent Missouri farmer was "scratched" by the tillers of the soil in his race for governor of Missouri, shortly after the war, is told by one who was there and knew how it all happened.

"This man," said the narrator the other day, "was one of the most prominent farmers and cattle raisers in the state. I shall not use his name. He was running on the 'greenback' ticket. Some place he had heard the humble agriculturist referred to as 'horny-headed yeomanry.'"

"This phrase was just to his liking, and he thought it would please the farmers to be referred to as 'horny-headed yeomanry.' And it might have done so had he not somewhat twisted the appellation in his attempt to use it.

"There are no grander set of men in this great state of ours," he said at his first big meeting of farmers' than you horny-headed romanay." But that was too much for the farmers. The candidate was scatched."—Kansas City Journal.

Couldn't Dazzle Mammy. The young man of the house really was making good in a way that delighted his parents and brought him much flattery from friends and neighbors, but old Mammy, the family servant, remained unmoved. One day when he had done a particularly brilliant piece of surgical work and delivered an especially profound address before a great convention, he said to Mammy: "I'm not a baby any longer, and I think you better call me Mr. Charles hereafter." The old darky snorted her indignation.

"Who-me?" she asked. "I ain't never is gwine call you Mister! You ain't no Mister any more'n I 's a Miss! You couldn't wiggle yo' fingers so pert a-cuttin' out folkses' insides of I hadn't a-kep' 'em limber wid smackin, an' you couldn't hear de patent's heart a-beatin' of it wa'n't for me forever washin' yo' ears so clean! You ain't nothin' but a measly little boy to yo' ole Mammy!"

Quick Collector. William Loeb, collector of the port of New York, was discussing the wonderful speed and simplicity used in the transaction of American business.

"In a banker's office the other day," he said, "I saw a door open, a head stuck itself quickly into the opening and a voice demanded: "Quarter?" "Yep," the bank president replied. "Month?" "Yep." "Four half?" "No, five." "Right." "The head withdrew. I asked in wonderment: "What kind of a cipher is that you are talking?" "No cipher at all," the president replied. "That was one of Chicago's leading financiers, and I have just arranged to lend him a quarter million dollars for a month at 5 per cent."

Pure From Start to Finish.

There is perhaps nothing in daily use in the home in which purity is so important as it is in baking powder. On its purity depends the purity of the materials used, the success of the bakings, etc. And possibly the one thing that has served to make Calumet Baking Powder so much of a favorite with the critical cooks of the country, is the fact that Calumet is pure from start to finish. You can get Calumet's purity for the simple reason that every ounce of the materials used is first tested by experienced chemists and then mixed with the utmost care to insure its uniformity. And standing in the can or changes of weather, etc., cannot alter it in any respect.

But perhaps the best thing of all is the fact that Calumet never fails. Every baking in which Calumet is used, is sure to come from the oven as light and as fluffy as you can wish. This not only means wholesome, tasty foods—but a big economy as well. Try Calumet next bake-day—it's the best baking powder made—for two World's Pure Food Expositions, one in Chicago, 1907, one at Paris, France, 1910—have given it the highest awards. Adv.

Wise Young Man. That was a very wise Cambridge student of whom the London story tellers were talking some time ago. One of his college friends finding himself without funds, went to this Solomon of students to borrow. He found him in bed, seizing him by the shoulder, he shook him. "Are you asleep?" "Why do you ask?" queried the other, sleepily. "I want to borrow a sovereign." "Yes," said the other, turning over and closing his eyes. "I'm asleep."

Reason Was Plain. "My husband has deserted me and I want a warrant," announced the large lady. "What reason did he give for deserting you?" asked the prosecutor. "I don't want any lip from you. I want a warrant. I don't know what reason he had."

Mooted Question. "How's Willie getting on at that free thought Sunday school you're sending him to?"

"First rate, from last accounts. He asked his pretty lady teacher who it was that first bit the apple in the Garden of Eden. Willie says she looked him straight in the eye and said nobody knew; that they'd been trying to figure out for the last 6,000 years."

CURES BURNS AND CUTS. Cole's Colicure stops the pain instantly. Cures quick. No scar. All druggists, 25 and 50c. Adv.

Accounted For. "The piece was very raw." "Then it deserved a roasting."

The pitcher that goes to the box too often is knocked out.

Light blue is a weak solution. Avoid it. Buy Red Cross Ball Blue, the blue that's all blue. Ask your grocer. Adv.

Is it a blow to spiritualism when a man strikes a happy medium?

BACKACHE NOT A DISEASE

But a Symptom, a Danger Signal Which Every Woman Should Heed.

Backache is a symptom of organic weakness or derangement. If you have backache don't neglect it. To get permanent relief you must reach the root of the trouble. Read about Mrs. Woodall's experience.

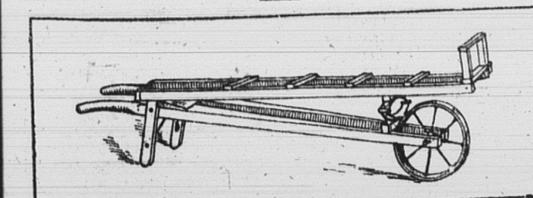
Morton's Gap, Kentucky.—"I suffered two years with female disorders, my health was very bad and I had a continual backache which was simply awful. I could not stand on my feet long enough to cook a meal's victuals without my back nearly killing me, and I would have such dragging sensations I could hardly bear it. I had soreness in each side, could not stand tight clothing, and was irritable. I was completely run down. On advice I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and an enjoying good health. It is now more than two years and I have not had an ache or pain since. I do all my own work, washing and everything, and never have backache any more. I think your medicine is grand and I praise it to all my neighbors. If you think my testimony will help others you may publish it."—Mrs. OLLIE WOODALL, Morton's Gap, Kentucky.

If you have the slightest doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound will help you, write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass., for advice. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

USE ABSORBINE, JR. For Itchy, Swollen Glands, Cysts, Varicose Veins, Varicosities anywhere. It allays pain and takes out inflammation promptly. A safe, healing, soothing, antiseptic. Pleasant to use—quickly absorbed into skin. Powerfully penetrating but does not blister under bandage nor cause any unpleasantness. Few drops only required at each application. ABSORBINE, JR., \$1.00 and \$2.00 a bottle at druggists or delivered. Book 2G free. W. F. Young, P. O. F., 310 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.

DEFIANCE Cold Water Starch makes laundry work a pleasure. 16 oz. pkg. 15c. W. N. U., DETROIT, NO. 42-1912.

EXTENSION WHEELBARROW FOR APIARY



The illustration shows my "bee automobile," which I made myself. It is long enough to hold five hives. Mine is made of 2x2 oak, but I believe the same size of pine would be strong enough, and would be much lighter. writes A. T. Dockham of Eagle Bend, Minn., in the Gleanings in Bee Culture. The handles should be wide

BANNER CORN CROP DESIRED BY FARMER

Immediate Attention to the Cultivation of Seed Bed is the Most Important Factor.

"Every farmer wishes to produce a banner corn crop," says Prof. R. A. Moore, head of the agronomy department of the College of Agriculture of the University of Wisconsin. "No one factor will be more instrumental in producing such a crop than immediate attention to the cultivation of the seed bed. On large fields the cultivation should be constant from the time the corn appears above the ground until it is laid by in July. This is absolutely necessary for the eradication of weeds and the conservation of soil moisture. The timely culture of corn not only helps the corn crop but also materially aids succeeding crops. By paying proper attention to cultivation, corn can be easily made to average 10 to 15 bushels more per acre than it would yield as a result of improper methods of soil culture. "The initial cultivation should be quite deep, from three to four inches, as there is no danger at this time of injuring the corn by pruning the roots," continued Prof. Moore. "Subsequent cultivation should be just deep enough to create a good soil mulch on the surface of the ground and at the same time to eradicate the young weeds as they appear above the surface. By rigid attention to weed eradication and moisture conservation a bumper corn crop will be assured."

CASTORIA For Infants and Children. The Kind You Have Always Bought Bears the Signature of J. C. H. Hatcher In Use For Over Thirty Years CASTORIA THE GARDNER COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES \$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 AND \$5.00 FOR MEN AND WOMEN Says W. L. Douglas \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00 shoes. W. L. Douglas makes and sells more \$3.00, \$3.50 & \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world. THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS. The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair. Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas latest fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the short-camps which make the feet look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the conservative styles which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere. If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other make for the price. Foot Care Experts. CAUTION—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas shoes are made on the last. Look for the name. Beware of imitations. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 75 cent increments from \$2.00 to \$5.00. No matter how cheaply you buy, you should never buy a pair of shoes unless you can see the name W. L. Douglas on the inside of the shoe. If you do not see the name, do not buy the shoes. They are not W. L. Douglas shoes.